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LYNCH ACQUITTAL FURORE

London, May 23.
South Carolina's lynching acquittals went front-page space in Britain's tightly rationed newspapers and the "Daily Express" commented today: "Trial by Fury remains the unwritten law of Americans in the South."

Under headlines such as "Death men go free and build carnival" London papers recounted trials which the "Daily Mail" said, revived "America's No. 1 problem" that of the attitude of the white to the negro population.

Most reports included the verdict of Sylvestre, Georgia, where Jimmie Brown, 25-year-old negro, was convicted of raping a white woman and sentenced to death after the jury debated for only three minutes.

U.S. Criticism

New York, May 23.
Many American newspapers described the acquittals as disgraceful, shocking or shameful, but several went on to express editorially the belief that the state's effort to convict the defendants would serve as a precedent and a warning.

The New Orleans "Times-Picayune," highly critical of the verdict as were some others in the South, said it "must shock every law-abiding citizen in the South."

The "New York Times" said: "There has been a victory for the law even though Willie Earle's slayers will not be punished for what they did. Members of the lynching mobs may begin to fear that some day, on sufficient evidence and with sufficient courage, a Southern lynching case jury will convict."

The "Chicago Sun" said: "They made some propaganda for the Russians... playing right into the hands of anybody who wants to magnify the shortcomings of American democracy."—Associated Press.

French Revolution A Lesson For China

Nanking, May 23.
Delegates of the People's Political Council today strongly attacked the Government for alleged failure to tax "bureaucrats." One warned that similar failures brought about the French revolution.

Professor C. C. Yu, former Dean of the College of Liberal Arts, Fudan University, an authority on European history and a University of Illinois graduate, led the attack. The French revolution, he said, resulted from the French Government's failure to tax bureaucrats.

Croydon Air Crash

London, May 23.
A twin-engined "Viking" air liner crashed on Croydon aerodrome today. No one was injured.

The machine, arriving from Verona (Italy) with three tons of strawberries, made a belly-landing when the landing gear collapsed as the plane touched down.

The crew of five scrambled to safety. Fire engines stood by as petrol streamed from burst tanks and workmen hurriedly unloaded the cargo.

The plane, which carried no passengers, belonged to Hunting Air Travel, a firm which chartered special flights.—Associated Press.

Manila, May 23.
The Malacanang—officially announced that the wrecked plane found in the Katanglad mountains was not the missing Government plane Lili Marlene.—United Press.

S'HAH STUDENTS ARRESTED

Police Take Eleven "Agitators" Into Custody;

Clash In Peiping APPEAL TO WASHINGTON U.S. Asked To Stop Making Loans

Shanghai, May 23.
The Shanghai Police this morning arrested eleven alleged student agitators as students of 43 educational establishments—including, for the first time, both boys and girls' high schools—went on strike in protest against the Nanking clash last Tuesday.

No demonstration took place, although the strikers were reliably reported to be organising, behind an "iron curtain," a mass parade for some future date. Strong student picket lines stood outside most schools today, preventing outsiders from entering the campus.

The arrest of the eleven "agitators" was announced at a press conference given by Shanghai Mayor, Dr. K. C. Wu, who said that they had been taken into custody on charges of trying to coerce the student body to stage a general strike.

Mayor Wu explained that the action had been taken in order to show the students that the authorities were determined to enforce their proclamation of last night, threatening arrest and trial by martial law of strike agitators whether students or labourers and promising full protection to students willing to resume classes.

Student spokesmen, revealing that 43 schools are now on strike, openly express confidence that more schools are expected to join the strike despite the stern warning issued by the authorities.

Meanwhile, a revival of labour unrest is again feared as the price of rice took the biggest single jump for one day since the beginning of the economic crisis, rising from around \$300,000 per picul of 170 lb. yesterday to \$430,000 a picul today.

According to Chinese despatches today, clashes are continuing in Peiping between the police and students, some of whom are said to have been savaged in the latest disorders.

Reports from Nanking state that students representing 18 universities and colleges today presented the National Government with an ultimatum stating that if their demands are not complied with within three days they will proceed with their "next step."

What this step is the student spokesman declines to reveal.

"Three Days"
While the present strike continues we will give the Government three days to answer," the student spokesman said. "If the answer is not satisfactory, we will take our next step."

If the reply is satisfactory, he added, the students will consider breaking their strike and returning to classes.

On June 2, however, all universities will call a strike "protesting against the civil war, the violence of the Government and against hunger."—Reuter.

Telegram

Shanghai, May 23.

Nankai University students of Tientsin this afternoon told a press conference that they had handed a letter to the U.S. Consulate for transmission to members of the Senate and the House of Representatives urging the stoppage of any loans contemplated for China, prior to the cessation of civil strife in China.

The letter declared: "Your loans, given under whatever beautiful names or pretexts, will be spent on civil war and will increase our misery and calamity, of which we have had enough."

"Think, gentlemen. Do you want to invest in such an irrational, unjust and disastrous civil war?"

"Had China failed to lay her hands on your loans so far, the civil war would not have continued to this day."

The letter further pointed out that the "fire" in China, without further "fuel," will soon die out.—Reuter.

LICENSES TO GO

Washington, May 23.

The U.S. Commerce Department announced export licence requirements will be dropped June 1 for all types of hides, skins, leather products and oil burners.—Associated Press.

New C.N. Currency?

Nanking, May 23.

Investigations are in progress concerning the adoption of a new currency system by China, Dr. O.K. Yui, the Finance Minister, revealed today at the meeting of the People's Political Council.

Dr. Yui said that he could give no further details until the time was ripe. He said that although China should be self-supporting foreign loans were, nevertheless, required at the present time.—Reuter.

Himmler's Aide Caught

Munich, May 23.

Brig-Gen. Eric Neumann, principal adjutant to Nazi Gestapo Chief Himmler, has been captured in Bavaria after a two-year search by the American War Crimes Investigators.

Neumann, an S.S. general, has been one of the most eagerly sought of the German fugitives. He had been commander of the Security Police in Holland and Belgium and also was a combat commander of Neumberg.

He is now in the custody of American war crimes prosecutors at Regensburg. He was found using an assumed name and working as a farmer near the Austrian border in Berchtesgaden. The arrest was made on May 9, but was not disclosed until last Friday.

Neumann was reported to have Swiss and British money amounting to about US\$62,500 in his possession when he was caught. An unofficial report said an associate, a Major

Changchun Foreigners Evacuated

Nanking, May 23.

The family of the British Consul-General, Mr. Jacobs-Larkcom, has been evacuated from Changchun as Communist troops threaten the Manchurian city.

The U.S. Embassy announced today that an American transport plane left Changchun for Peiping at 1 p.m. Aboard were the wife and two daughters of the British Consul-General, the wife and daughter of the United States Consul-General (Mr. Edmund Chubb) and three women employees of the American Consulate. The plane also carried certain staff members of UNRRA.

The withdrawal was made in view of the disrupted communications facilities between Changchun and Mukden and the unsettled conditions in the Changchun area, according to a United States Embassy statement.

Dispatches reaching here today reported no major change in the battle around Changchun. The main Communist forces are concentrating at Taling and Hsishakuo, northwest of the city. These are said to include artillery corps estimated at 3,000 men, with thirty pieces of artillery and ten armoured cars.—Reuter.

Elchler, was picked up at the same time on the Austrian side of the border near Salzburg.

It is assumed Neumann will be held for trial either at Dachau or Nurnberg as a war criminal, but there is a possibility that the Dutch or Belgians may ask for his extradition.—Associated Press.

United States is helping to further its aims and purposes identical with those of the United Nations. Our aid in this instance is evidence not only that we pledge our support to the United Nations but that we act to support it.

"With the passage and signature of this act, our Ambassadors to Greece and Turkey are being instructed to enter into immediate negotiations for agreements which, in accordance with the terms of the act, will govern the application of our aid."

"We intend to make sure that the aid we extend will benefit all the peoples of Greece and Turkey, not any particular group or faction."

"I wish to express my appreciation to leaders and members of both parties of Congress for their splendid support in obtaining the passage of this vital legislation."—United Press.

Truman Statement On Aid Bill

Kansas City, Mo., May 22.

President Truman, after putting his signature to the Greco-Turkish aid bill, declared in a statement that the United States in extending the aid is helping to further aims and purposes "identical with those of the United Nations."

The statement said: "The act authorizing United States assistance to Greece and Turkey which I just signed is an important step in the building of peace. Its passage by overwhelming majorities in both Houses of Congress is proof that the United States earnestly desires peace and is willing to make a vigorous effort to help create the conditions of peace. The conditions of peace include, among other things, the ability of nations to maintain order and independence and to support themselves economically."

"In extending the aid requested by two members of the United Nations for the purpose of maintaining these conditions, the United States is helping to further its aims and purposes identical with those of the United Nations. Our aid in this instance is evidence not only that we pledge our support to the United Nations but that we act to support it."

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Liberal Newspaper Threatened

The "Hwa Hsiao Pao," Hong Kong liberal Chinese newspaper, received a threatening letter early this week stating that if the paper did not stop publication within seven days the plant would be bombed. It was learned yesterday.

The letter, signed by "The Underground Activities Board of the Democratic Party of China," was tossed into the editorial office at about ten o'clock by a man dressed as a coolie. After delivering the note, the man fled. Police have been notified.

JAPANESE REPARATIONS

Tokyo, May 22.

An Allied Reparations Technical Committee was set up here today. It will be consulted in conflicts between nations claiming reparations from the Japanese.

It will also serve as a consultative body in the development of technical and administrative procedure to ensure orderly receipt of goods from Japan.—Reuter.

Japanese Mountain Collapses

Tokyo, May 23.

Millions of tons of destructive soil from the suddenly crumbling Nodani mountain in northern Japan today tumbled ahead at three to six feet per minute, swallowing homes and devastating farmland.

Fragrant Japanese press reports from the stricken area, near Elgata, today said the landslide had already submerged over 400 acres and rendered 496 persons homeless in a community of approximately 8,000 residents.

The mountainide collapsing into the Nofu river caused the water to overflow and isolate small villages, causing additional damage.

Homeless residents last night took refuge in the local elementary school.—United Press.

All Armaments Must Be Controlled

Montreal, May 23.

Sir Alexander Cadogan, Britain's permanent delegate to the United Nations, declared today that not only atomic weapons but all armaments must be controlled internationally if there is to be peace and security in the world.

In a speech prepared for delivery to the Canadian Royal Empire Society, Cadogan said, that if only atomic weapons are controlled "the old-fashioned arms—guns, tanks, aeroplanes and all the rest of it—will come into their own again. That is why we shall still have to tackle general disarmament."

"If the atomic bomb is controlled, we shall not have completed our task until we have established control over the whole range of armaments as we know them and as we see their logical development in the future."

The United Nations Security Council is bound to devote its energies to a "balanced and reliable control of all the armaments," Cadogan said.

He said that except in the case of "deliberate aggressors" the state will "maintain their armaments out of fear of their neighbours. Therefore we have got to attack the cause of the disease—distrust."

"Bad Start"
Turning to the work of the Security Council, Cadogan said this body had "got off to a bad start" at its first meeting in London.

In those cases brought before the Council in the early days "it is difficult to avoid the inference that the action has been prompted by a political propaganda motive."

As a means towards reaching

The Weather

A weak anticyclone extends from NE China to S Japan. The northern depression has moved into the Pacific to the E of Hokkaido. A small depression appears to be developing to the E of Leyte. Forecast remains low over S and SW China and Burma.

Today's Forecast: Moderate SE winds, partly cloudy with morning showers; haze.

Yesterday's Weather: Maximum: 21.5 deg. Fah. Minimum: 17.5 deg. Fah. Sunshine: 2.4 hours.

Rainfall: 0.6 mm. (0.024 inch). Total since Jan. 1—121.5 mm. (4.78 inches) against an average of 684.4 mm.

Exports Control Measure

It has been found necessary to impose a measure of control on exports from the Colony to all countries in the North American Continent and the Republic of the Philippines.

A notice appears in the Gazette today to the effect that certain exports may only be made to any of the above countries if a licence is issued by the Import and Export Department.

This will only be granted provided the applicant completes in triplicate a declaration (Green Form 2 A—Export) to the effect that the foreign exchange received from the sale of the goods will be delivered to the bank named in the declaration.

The licence after signature will be submitted to the shipping company which will countersign the export licence, and note the number of the shipping order for transmission to the manifest. The exporter will then submit the licence to the bank in Hong Kong through which payment will be eventually made. It will not be necessary for exporters to submit an additional export declaration in respect of goods shipped under the above licence.

The practical effect of the above will be that any person exporting to these countries will be required to arrange to obtain the sale proceeds of the goods through one of the banks which are members of the Exchange Banks Association. Full instructions as to the methods approved by Government are being issued to the banks, but generally speaking these may be summarised as follows:—

Methods
A. Payment in currency to the bank's branch or correspondent in the country of destination, either in advance or on receipt of shipping documents by the bank in Hong Kong.

B. Payment through the negotiation of bills drawn in the currency of the country of the destination of the goods, or in sterling under a credit registered with the Bank of England.

Payment
Exporters should make arrangement with their buyers for the payment of the goods to be made by one of these methods, and the documents should be handed over to a bank in Hong Kong within one week of the date on which the ship carrying the goods left the Colony.

Exporters who have entered into contracts under previous arrangements may apply in writing for permission to complete their contracts to the Assistant Financial Secretary (Exchange Control) with full particulars.

Yes, But Can They Make It?

London, May 23.

The April trade returns confirm the extraordinary headway which coffee is making in this land of tea-drinkers.

Imports of coffee in April were 150,495 cwt., which is over twice the imports of 65,425 in April last year and nearly five times the 33,429 imported in 1938. Thus consumption is running at the rate of nearly five times that before the war.

On the other hand, April imports of tea, although they reflect Government's special efforts to build up the heavily depleted stock and at 16.8 million lb., are—despite that special effort—far below April, 1938, when imports totalled 43.9 million.—United Press.

"DUBONNET"

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PRODUCE
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all leading stores
and wine dealers.

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FRENCH BANK BUILDING

Today's Events

May 24—H.K. & Yau-mat Ferries, annual meeting, noon.

Coming Events

May 24-26 Whitman Race meeting.
May 28—H.K. Realty & Trust Co annual meeting, noon.
May 29—H.K. Tramways Ltd. annual meeting, Jardine's of floor, noon.
May 31—China Provident annual and extraordinary meetings, Jacobean Room, H.K. Hotel, noon.
May 31—China Emporium annual meeting, 3 p.m.
June 9—H.K. & Whampoa Dock's extraordinary meeting, noon.
June 27—Indo-China S.N. Co. Ltd. annual general meeting, noon.

Government Doctor Charged

Dr. Lim Ek Quee, 38, of the Shanshuipo Government Dispensary, appeared before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday charged with accepting a bribe of \$3 from Wong Yau-shing on May 22.

On the application of Mr. F. W. Shaftain, Senior Superintendent of Police, accused was remanded for seven days on bail of \$5,000 cash and \$5,000 surety.

Mr. Shaftain informed His Worship that the case would be tried summarily due to congestion of cases in the Higher Courts which often resulted in an interval of three or four months before a case is heard.

Mr. Marcus da Silva is appearing for the defence.

Readers' Letters

Gracie

Sir—You are to be congratulated on your leader in regard to the sentence passed on Gracie for broadcasting anti-Allied propaganda from a Shanghai Radio Station during the War.

A prisoner was excused for working on behalf of the enemy if compelled to do so under the threat of the lash, club or starvation. Is it any less compelling that in this case those threatened with starvation were Gracie's wife and child?

A movement must be initiated in order to insure that in this case "the penalty fits the crime."

It seems a pity that this principle cannot be applied to other, and more glaring, cases.

KCC DANCE POSTPONED

Owing to unavoidable circumstances, the KCC dance arranged for tonight has had to be postponed.

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JOSEPH GUY COGNAC



made in France by the wellknown firm of

VIEILLE CURE

who have maintained the same high standard for over 170 years.

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SOLE AGENTS

JOHN MANNERS & Co., Ltd.

HONG KONG

EXPLOSIVES IN HK TUNNELS Thousands Of Tons Recovered

Among the many post-war tasks which the Army has been called upon to perform, one of the more interesting and more difficult has been the recovery of ammunition from old Japanese and British underground storage sites.

The removal of this ammunition, which otherwise would have proved a potential source of danger to the community as well as a ready prey for looters, has been undertaken in Hong Kong over the last 18 months by the Royal Engineers and the Royal Army Ordnance Corps.

Their task has not been an easy one but operations are now nearing completion and from such sites as Caroline Hill, Kennedy Road, Leighton Hill Road, Little Hong Kong, Happy Valley, Belcher's Fort, Gramplan Road, South China Football Club and Argyle Street large stocks of old ammunition and explosives have been recovered and removed.

In all, a total of 4,500 tons of ammunition and explosives have been cleared from twelve or more different localities in Hong Kong and Kowloon.

When operations on a number of these sites were begun shortly after the reoccupation it was found that the majority of the storage dumps were located in rudely constructed tunnels built by the Japanese in different parts of the island; while a further few were situated in old British air raid shelters. In some instances the construction of these underground magazines had proved inadequate for the purpose and a partial collapse of the tunnel workings had occurred, resulting in the burial of the ammunition stored there. This has rendered, in consequence, the task of excavation doubly difficult; first there has been the problem of locating the buried ammunition; and afterwards, the skilled and arduous task of removing it in its deteriorated and sometimes dangerous condition.

Most Exacting

By far the most exacting of such excavations has been the work at Argyle Street which has just been brought to a successful conclusion after operations lasting seven months.

Here the extent of the Japanese tunnelling was finally revealed to be 2,000 feet and the measure of difficulty involved in the excavation can be gauged from the fact that 85 per cent of the original tunnelling had either collapsed or become completely obliterated owing to a previous explosion early in 1940 which revealed that a quantity of ammunition was buried in the hillside under the football field of the Diocesan Boys' School. No plans of the suspected tunnels existed and the previous explosion having caused the entrances to become covered the only indication of the original tunnelling was by observation of the craters subsidence in the fall of the ground.

Working by this means, the Engineers drove two tunnels where the previous entrances were judged to have existed and after digging in for 50 feet succeeded in striking the main

Unknown Gas

The real work of excavation lay in extracting the ammunition from the collapsed sections of the tunnel. Here the roofing, with 70 feet of earth above it, was resting on the actual ammunition cases; large mechanical jacks were used to raise the timbering some inches and allow the ammunition to be withdrawn. If still under pressure the earth was excavated from underneath. Progress at times was reduced to two or three feet a day. During the operations bronze tools and rubber shoes were used by the working parties to minimise the risk of an explosion. A surprise occurrence was the release of an unknown gas—something resembling phosgene which stopped work in a section of the tunnel for two weeks. The remarkable nature of the achievement in general can be weighed from the fact that, although the specific quantity of ammunition removed from the galleries was comparatively small, the difficulties involved in its excavation were such that in one case it took four and half days to free a single box.

The ammunition and explosives removed have ranged from 75 mm shells to bulk picric acid explosives, and included spigot mortar bombs, bulk black powder, 50 mm dischargers, 30 mm mortar bombs, conical land mines and small arms ammunition.

The work is now complete and the community must feel grateful for this lengthy and difficult operation undertaken by the Army. With the entire system of galleries cleared the tunnels have recently been inspected by a board of officers and a representative of the P.W.D. who have pronounced the area fit for return to the civil authorities.

Yu Ting-wah, alias Yu Hok-chiu, a Major General in the Chinese Army who is now serving a two-year sentence in Stanley Prison for the larceny of 1,750 ingots, the property of the Chinese National Resources Commission and with obtaining \$75,000 from the Hong Shing Cheong Firm by false pretences, was brought before Mr. Justice E.H. Williams (Pulver Judge) at the Supreme Court yesterday and informed regarding the disposal of the 14 ingots, the cash in Court and the Bank.

Pin-Up Competition

The Union Jack Club is sponsoring a novel competition in the shape of a portrait pin up competition.

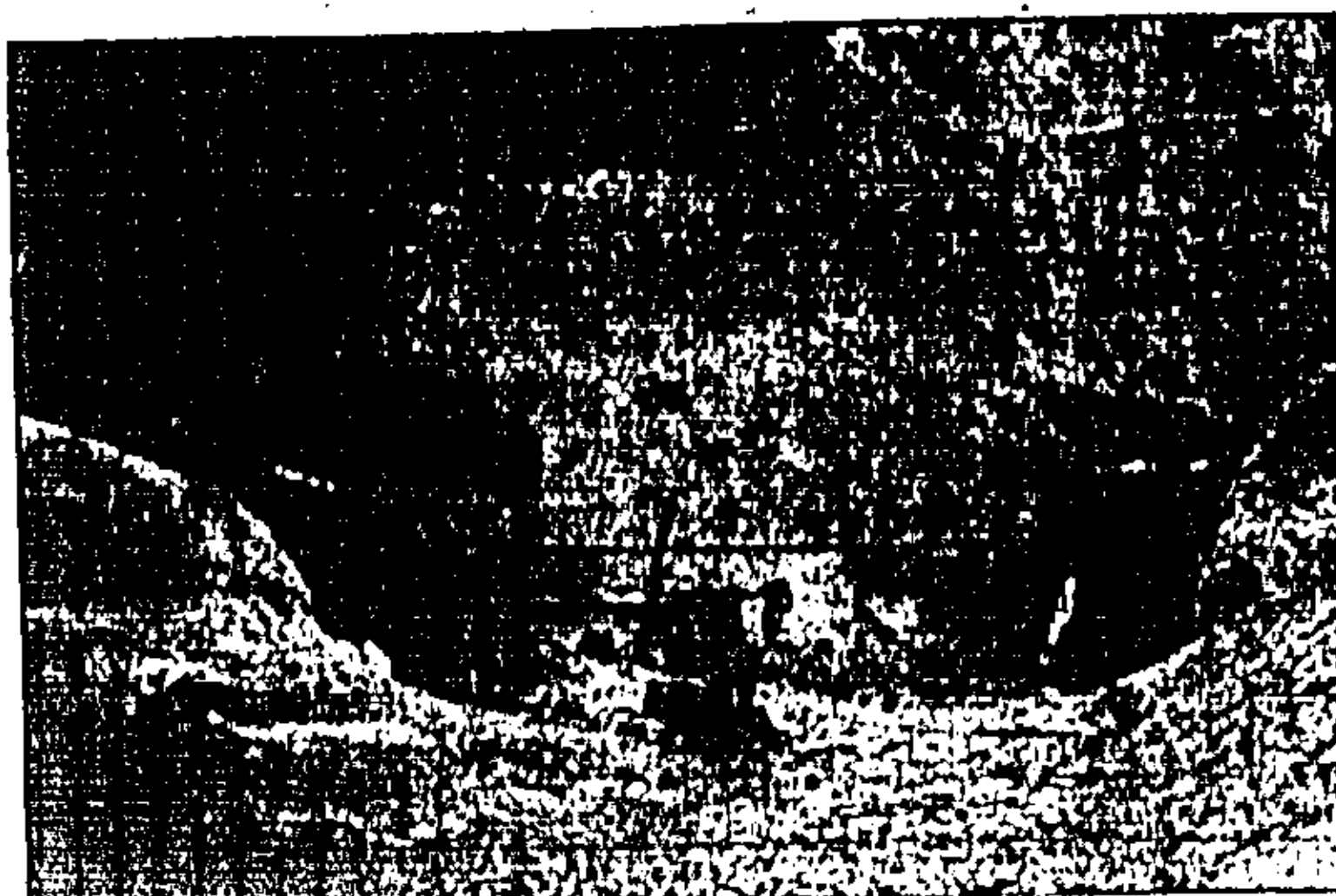
Entries are called for under three headings—bunny babies, wives or sweethearts, and happy family groups.

Entry forms (the closing date is Wednesday, May 28) can be obtained from the Union Jack Club. Judging, which will be by ballot, will take place on Saturday, May 31.

Temple St. Brothel

A 34-year-old spinster, Ng Foon, was fined \$200 and recommended to be evicted by Mr. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday when she admitted having kept a brothel at 197 Temple Street, third floor.

Inspector J. Orem, who prosecuted, informed His Worship that when the place was raided by Inspector J.L. Davies on May 22, five girls and some Chinese males were found on the premises which comprised three cubicles.



The entrance to one of the tunnels which was successful in striking the main underground system of Japanese galleries. The machinery in the foreground is the compressed-air apparatus used for supplying the air circulation necessary to the working parties. (Army Pk Photo)

EMPIRE DAY MESSAGE

The President of the Empire Day Movement, the Earl of Gowrie, V.C., P.C., G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., has sent the following Empire Day message:

"Two years after the triumphs of battle we are still engaged in a vital struggle to win peace and well-being for the peoples of the earth. The struggle is as critical as war itself, for man's inventive genius, having outrun his morality, has brought him to the brink of self-extinction."

The British Commonwealth and Empire is a cross-section of the races and creeds of the world. Such diversity gives rise to grave and far-reaching problems; but it also offers unique opportunities of welding together for joint constructive effort men and women of different stock, different faiths and different cultures.

The member-peoples of the Commonwealth and Empire are held together by no coercive bonds, but are freely associated in a partnership. "Free institutions are its life blood. Free co-operation is its instrument. Peace, security and progress are among its objects." No previous Empire has been based upon the principle of liberty, and no other Empire has ever included in its membership at the same time great nations and communities of European, Asiatic and African blood.

The United Kingdom and the self-governing Dominions—nations of the North and South Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans—constitute a fellowship of independent democracies. Armonising influence among the other representatives of European civilisation—with them still lies the main responsibility for world peace or anarchy.

Again, Britain offers India a partnership with herself on absolutely equal terms. If that great object is attained, the result can hardly fail to be a new and powerful element of stability in the uneasy relations between East and West.

In the Colonial Empire there is a vast range of communities at widely different stages of development. In many territories Britain is co-operating in great practical measures to raise the standard of life, and so increase the pace of world peace and progress.

All of it—Britain's co-operation with the Dominions, with India and Burma, and with the Colonies in Africa and elsewhere—depends for success on mutual goodwill. Goodwill grows out of understanding; and understanding can be deepened only by better knowledge of each other. There lies our duty and our opportunity. The celebration of Empire Day is a public acknowledgment of these responsibilities."

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Kai Tak Property Statement

Government is to compensate owners of land whose property was included in the Japanese extension of Kai Tak aerodrome during the Occupation.

An official statement issued yesterday said:

"Government has for some time had under consideration the question of whether compensation should be paid to the owners of land and buildings situated in the Kowloon City area who were dispossessed in the year 1942 or later by the Japanese Authorities when Kai Tak aerodrome was extended.

"In view of the fact that the aerodrome as enlarged by the Japanese is still being used by the British Authorities it has been decided that special legislation shall be enacted in respect of the land now included in the Aerodrome which prior to 1942 did not belong to the Crown.

"This legislation will provide for the compulsory redemption by the Crown of the land included in the extension of the Aerodrome and for the payment of compensation to the owners of such land. It will not, however, provide for the payment of compensation to owners of buildings formerly situated on the land.

"The necessary legislation is now being drafted and a more detailed notification will be issued to the public in due course."

H.K.-U.S.A. AIR MAILS

Manila, May 23.
The Philippines Air Lines announced today that it has been awarded, by the Postmaster-General of Hong Kong a Government contract to carry mail from Hong Kong to the United States.

Colonial Secretary's Message

The Secretary of State for the Colonies has sent the following Empire Day message to the people of the Empire:

"On this Empire Day 1947, I send my greetings and good wishes to every one of you. It is very right and proper that there should be set aside a special day each year on which all of us in the British Commonwealth and Empire can celebrate our membership of the world's greatest family of peoples. The demonstration we give that it is possible for so many peoples to live together in harmony and to their mutual benefit is of the utmost significance to the world at large and is something in which we are justified in taking pride.

"In our British family as in any individual family there are times when we feel impatient with one another when the older members feel that the younger ones are too precocious when they are unduly restricted and hampered in their aspirations. That kind of impatience is natural and healthy and out of it comes wise compromise and wise progress.

"Today we are seeing many advances in the colonies in the march toward self-government and in economic and social development. We have clear aims and a determination to achieve them in the shortest possible time. But it is no use pretending to ourselves that the way is going to be easy or that we shall reach our objective without a good deal of hard work. If we are willing to share that hard work in a truly family spirit then I think we have good reason despite the difficulties of our times in looking with optimism to the future."

CATHEDRAL FUND

The following is a list of donations to the St. John's Cathedral Restoration Fund received to May 22 which have not yet been acknowledged in the press:

Chinese Postal Remittances & Savings Bank	\$ 100.00
Dr. & Mrs. Samuel S. Young	50.00
H.P. Bailey	50.00
Hong Kong Football Association	500.00
Anon.	50.00
T.J. Gould	125.00
H.E. Sir Mark Young K.C.M.G.	1,000.00
Dr. J.H. Montgomery	250.00
Mr. & Mrs. R.H. Edwards	75.00
Miss Fanny H. Nelson	200.00
G.B. Endacott	25.00
Restoration Box	2.05

Received up to May 16 and already acknowledged 7,968.58
Total Donations Received up to May 22 \$90,010.93

More Police Raids On Opium Dens

Determined to eradicate the opium evil in Kowloon, Police on the Peninsula on Thursday carried out six raids in Mong Kok and two in Kowloon City.

Inclusive of the woman smuggler arrested at the K.C.R. Station in possession of 1.6 taels of raw opium (for which she was fined \$100 by Mr. Latimer), nine pedlars and 43 smokers were apprehended within 12 hours, while over 3.8 taels of opium, 28 pipes and 33 lamps were seized.

Fines totalling \$1,830 were imposed by Mr. W.A. Blair-Kerr on the eight keepers who appeared before him at Kowloon yesterday. Of the 43 smokers, 29 answered to their names and were fined \$15 each, while the 14 absentees had their bail of \$25 each estraited.

In six of the seven convictions against the keepers, SI Walter Collins successfully applied for notice of conviction to be served on the respective landlords. The divan at 394 Reclamation Street, first floor, being situated in a partly demolished house the owner of which could not be traced, was the exception.

Cases heard were as follows:

Chung Shiu-nang, married woman, possession of 1.3 taels of raw opium at 540 Shanghai Street, first floor, raided at 9.10 a.m. on May 22 by DSJ Sykes. Fined \$175.

Shanghai St.

Also raided by DSJ Sykes were the divans at 551 Shanghai Street, second floor, and 553 Shanghai Street, first floor. In the first dive were three beds, four pipes, four lamps, 14 pots of opium, and nine smokers. Fines \$275; smokers, \$15 each. Kwong Pk-chuen, keeper of the second den, was fined \$210; two smokers \$15 each, while three absentees forfeited \$25 each. There were four beds, seven pipes, four lamps and nine pots of opium found.

Ten smokers and three beds were found at 10A Shantung Street, first floor, when the premises were raided by SI Andrews shortly after 8 p.m. on Thursday. There were also three pipes, five lamps and five pots of opium. The keeper, Chan Cheung was fined \$200, while six of the smokers were mulcted in the sum of \$15 each. The four absentees had their bail of \$25 estraited.

In another raid conducted by SI Andrews at 394 Reclamation Street, first floor, eight smokers were found on the three beds in the flat. Four lamps, four pipes and 24 pots of opium were seized. The keeper, Yip Kwong, was fined \$325, or four months' hard labour; seven smokers, \$15 each, and one absentee forfeited \$25 bail.

Reclamation St.

SI Stewart led a party of Police in a raid on 308 Reclamation Street, first floor, as the result of which Ko Shing, the keeper, and seven smokers were arrested, and five pipes, nine lamps and 25 pots of opium seized. The keeper was fined \$275; three smokers \$15 each and four absentees lost their bail of \$25 each.

Led by Mr. Charles Mottram (Divisional Inspector, Kowloon City), the Police in that district raided 55 Takuling Road, second floor, and 31 Nga Tain Wai Road, second floor. At the former address, LI Fong, married woman, the keeper, and two smokers were arrested.



For Shining Brassware

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ANGLO-SOVIET TREATY TALKS

London Rejects Accusation By "Izvestia"

Desire For New Understanding

Moscow, May 22. The Soviet newspaper "Izvestia" today accused the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin, of misrepresenting the facts of the Moscow conference and thus increasing the difficulty of settling the German problem.

"Izvestia" said the reason no agreement was reached on revision of the Anglo-Soviet Treaty was because Britain tried to write in amendments making the treaty worse instead of better.

The four-column editorial, criticising Bevin's speech in the House of Commons on the Foreign Ministers conference, said it is not really a report "since a report provides for a precise statement of facts and correct elucidation of events. Mr. Bevin's speech was greatly and further more is against facts."

"The circumstances that Bevin, in his attempts to justify the British position at Moscow, has entered into sharp contradiction with facts pointing to the weakness of his position," "Izvestia" said.

Rejected

London, May 22. The assertion in "Izvestia" that British amendments to the Anglo-Soviet Treaty which have been put forward in the course of the negotiations for its revision would weaken the obligations contained in the present treaty, was today rejected by a spokesman of the Foreign Office.

British policy far from aiming at weakening the existing agreements between the two countries, had taken the initiative in Moscow in seeking negotiations for strengthening and bringing up to date the terms of the 1942 treaty.

The only published British amendment—which proposed extension of the treaty to fifty years—was a clear indication of Britain's desire to consolidate long-term Anglo-Soviet understanding.

Commenting on "Izvestia's" allegation that the British Foreign Secretary's recent reference to the Anglo-Soviet treaty negotiations in the House of Commons revealed nothing of the true state of affairs of these negotiations or of the fact that the suggested British amendments would not improve but would weaken the existing treaty, the spokesman stated that it was clearly not possible at this stage of the talks to publish details of proposals or counter-proposals made during the course of negotiation.

Britain's aim, as already stated by Mr. Bevin, was that the Anglo-Soviet treaty in its revised form should be in harmony both

with existing obligations, undertaken by both countries in the United Nations commitments and with Britain's treaty obligations to other Allied powers no less interested than Britain or Russia in assuring security against resurgence of German aggression.

There is no information available in London which suggests that during any of the five talks which have so far taken place between the British and Soviet representatives charges similar to those made today by "Izvestia" have been levelled across the conference table by the Russian negotiators.

Little New

Observers here tend to regard the rest of the "Izvestia" article—which consists of lengthy repetition of the Soviet official viewpoints on various aspects of the German and Austrian problems discussed in Moscow in the form of point-by-point criticisms of Mr. Bevin's House of Commons analysis of the Moscow Conference—as being largely aimed at prevailing ammunition to Mr. Bevin's critics inside the Labour Party at the coming Party conference, which begins next Monday at Margate.

The "Izvestia" article is seen to contain little or nothing else which has not already been said either by Soviet delegates or the Soviet press during the course of the Moscow Conference.

The contention that British policy aims at placing all power in the hands of the "leader" in Germany and that Britain is "pursuing with relentless stubbornness a policy of dismemberment" are the main new variants of the Soviet arguments advanced in Moscow.

Its palpable inaccuracy in view of the known British attitude on the role of the "leader" during the recent Anglo-American discussions on the setting up of central agencies under the terms of the bilateral fusion agreement, leads observers here to conclude that its aim must be to supplement the existing Soviet propaganda on the subject of German unity directed to the German people.—Reuter.

"THREAT FROM U.S."

Moscow, May 22. Any present threat to the British Empire comes not from the Soviet Union but from the United States, declares Professor I.M. Lemin, well-known Soviet Professor of History. He has been speaking at one of a series of lectures here sponsored by the newly-organised All-Union Society for the spread of scientific and political knowledge.

He describes the "furore" raised in the American press over the Soviet threat to the British Empire as "a smokescreen to cover the general economic offensive by America's expansionist forces."

The British Empire, he contended, is undergoing a crisis as grave as that of the 18th century when the American colonies were lost.

"The difference is, he said, that no further field for expansion exists whereby Britain can recoup her losses as she did in the 18th century."

Factors

Lemin enumerated the underlying factors of Britain's crisis—according to Lemin related to a general crisis of capitalism—as:

1. Intensified movement for independence by members of the British Commonwealth as the result of wartime economic and strategic changes.
2. Intensified independence movements in the colonies.
3. A more severe struggle for colonial markets between Great Britain and the United States.—Reuter.

GI-Bride's Short Romance

Las Vegas, Nev., May 22. Divorce cut short the romance of pretty Alice Flores, 29, of Guam, who came to the United States because she had heard so much about it from the Marines.

The tall, dark-haired daughter of a wealthy family that was held prisoner by the Japanese arrived in San Francisco last September and married Von Roy Calloway, 24, of Minden, Nevada, on November 25, 1946. She charged Calloway with mental cruelty, non-support and June 10.—United Press.

RAPE SENTENCE

Sylvania, Ga., May 23. James Brown, 25 year old negro, was convicted of raping a white woman and sentenced to death today. The negro protested his innocence.—Associated Press.

Dead But She Won't Lie Down

London, May 22. After resting peacefully on the bottom of the English Channel for nearly 34 years, the old British battleship "Empress of India" is beginning to cause trouble.

The Board of Admiralty have received strong protests from the Devon Sea Fisheries Committee and Urban District Council of Brixham that the wreck is fouling the gear of local trawlers and damaging fishermen's livelihood.

The 14,000-ton partially ironclad "Empress of India," mounting four 13-inch guns, went down in the Channel off Brixham on November, 1913, after being used as a "gunnery guinea pig" earlier in the day when she was filled with heavy calibre shells from other battleships of the Royal Navy.—Reuter.

"Daily Herald" In Libel Action

London, May 22. The libel action brought by Mr. Mohan Lall, the Indian President of the Indian Independence Union, against Odhams Press, Limited and the "Daily Herald" was mentioned before Justice Cassels in the King's Bench Division today.

Mr. Gerald Gardner, for Mr. Lall, said that his client was a journalist, lecturer, pacifist and chairman of the League for Freedom of Colonial Peoples, who believed in the achievement of his aims by peaceful means.

An issue of January 1, 1947, in the "Daily Herald" contained an article headed "Men Who Spoke for Hitler Here," followed by a large photograph of Mr. Lall and another man.

Defendants had published the photograph of the plaintiff believing him to be Briji Lal Mukerjee.

"Recognised"

On the day of the publication, Mr. Gardner said that Mr. Lall was accused by a porter at Euston Station who recognised him from the photograph in the "Daily Herald" as one of the men who had spoken for Hitler.

The defendants had acted most properly, published a correction and an apology, paid a sum of £100 into court and were prepared to pay an agreed sum in respect of Mr. Lall's costs.—Reuter.

Oldest Settlement In World

London, May 22. Professor John Garstang of Liverpool University, the famous archaeologist now over 70, has just completed a lifetime's work in excavations by unearthing what is believed to be the most ancient settlement ever discovered in the world, dating back nearly 8,000 years.

Tonight, Professor Garstang, who was accompanied on the expedition by his 67-year-old wife, told the Society of Antiquaries of his discoveries in the prehistoric village of Meslin on the Mediterranean coast, in Southern Turkey, which, according to an Arab legend, was the site of the Garden of Eden.

"These people, far removed from other settlements, devoted their leisure to arts instead of fighting each other," he said.

"I won't say mankind has become more pugnacious, but the world is smaller and it is easier to fall out with each other."—Reuter.

Warning Of Possible British Refusal

Washington, May 22. The Under-Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, Mr. William Clayton, warned Congress today that it is risking refusal of the whole British Commonwealth to cooperate in the proposed International Trade Organisation if it persists in pushing the bill designed to insulate the United States wool industry against foreign competition.

"If we impose new barriers to this trade we cannot expect Australia, New Zealand and South Africa to cooperate wholeheartedly in meeting the type of post-war world we want to have," Mr. Clayton said in a letter read to the House of Representatives as it began to debate on the bill.

"Without such cooperation, other British Commonwealth nations would have difficulty in going with us in a mutually advantageous programme. Other nations would question the sincerity of our protestations that we do not intend to retreat to economic isolation."

Mr. Clayton's warning came after the Republican leadership in the House had issued a statement of virtual "no confidence" in his work at Geneva—a statement that marked the beginning of open warfare between President Truman's administration and Congress on the tariff issue, with the fate of the current international trade conference possibly depending on its outcome.

Mr. Harold Knutsen, chairman of the House Ways-and-Means Committee, in this "no confidence" statement, served

notice on 17 other nations with which trade negotiations are in progress that Congress is in no mood to destroy one domestic industry so that another might ship surpluses abroad.

"Countries contemplating trade agreements with the United States know that this Congress will not hesitate quickly to repair any damage to vital domestic industries resulting from the over-enthusiasm of our negotiators," the statement said.

Mr. Clayton, who has just returned from Geneva for a fortnight's consultations here because of his anxiety over the effect passage of the wool bill would have on the Geneva conference, replied swiftly that "new import fees would injure the interests of the United States through their effect on our relations."

Pointing out that wool exports were for Australia, New Zealand and South Africa the most important source of dollars they needed so badly, he declared: "Wool is a critical item in our current negotiations."

"Insincerity"

Mr. Clayton added: "If at this time we are actually negotiating with other countries in Geneva for a lowering of trade barriers we raise new barriers such as this bill imposes, we stand convicted of insincerity."

The House is not expected to reach a vote on the measure until tomorrow. Meanwhile, Republican leadership appears strongly in favour of a provision which empowers the President to place import fees on foreign wool if it should undersell the domestic product.

Mr. Knutsen also announced that he had appointed a five-man sub-committee, whose sole task was to keep an eye on the Geneva negotiations, because of the "deep seated and well-founded fear that severe injury will result from any indiscriminate slashing of tariffs."—Reuter.

Parachute Story Again

Lausanne, May 22. Mr. Pierre Williams, UN delegate to the Preparation Commission of the International Refugee Organization, said today that "illegal" immigration into Palestine by parachute is expected this summer.

Mr. Williams said the British authorities are planning to seal the frontiers of the British zone in Germany in order to halt Jewish movement definitely.

His remarks came as the Commission concluded its work and adopted a provisional budget of US\$112,045,000 for the first year of IRO, beginning July 1. The Commission recommended Geneva as the seat of the IRO, but a definite decision will not be made until the next session, commencing June 20 in Lausanne.—United Press.

Danes Want More Potatoes

Copenhagen, May 22. Today's demonstration by Copenhagen workers against the potato shortage "characterised the people's dissatisfaction with the present Government," the leader of the Danish Social Democratic Party, Hans Hedtoft, stated tonight.

The demonstrations, in which 100,000 workers from Copenhagen's largest factories stopped work and marched to the Parliament buildings, were "a protest against the present potato shortage which followed the recent introduction of ceiling prices for potatoes aiming at a more just distribution of supplies," the Socialist leader said.

Speakers addressing the crowds in Parliament Square today called for a general strike to force the Government to resign.

Many of the Copenhagen grocers closed their shops to protest against the new prices.

The Danish Minister of Supply received a deputation of demonstrators and promised that 5,000 tons of potatoes would arrive in Copenhagen tomorrow.

The Communist leader, Larsen, and the leader of the Social Democrats, Hedtoft, who addressed the crowds, called for "unity of workers in the fight against the present Government."—Reuter.

Mr. Eden's Gaffe

London, May 22. Mr. Eden asked his routine weekly question today. What business, he asked, would the Commons take up next week? There were gasps from members before he received an answer from the House leader, Mr. Herbert Morrison.

Mr. Eden's face went blank, then reddened as he recalled that the Commons would not be sitting next week because of the Whitman recess. He apologized to Mr. Morrison for "intruding into his domestic matters."

Mr. Morrison said the House would take the report stage and third reading of the industrial organization bill when the House of Commons resumes on June 3.

On Wednesday and Thursday of that week, the report stage of the agriculture bill will come up and on Friday the second reading of the companies bill.—United Press.

U.S. WARSHIPS AT GIB

Gibraltar, May 22. A United States task force of 12 units will visit Gibraltar under the command of Vice-Admiral B.H. Blier, commander of the United States naval forces in the Mediterranean.—Reuter.

Australian Quarantine Stiffer

Canberra, May 23. The Cabinet has decided to give wider powers to quarantine officers to ensure that travellers to Australia do not menace public health.

Prime Minister, Chifley told newsmen the new powers were added precautions against the entry into Australia of smallpox and similar diseases carried by travellers.

Prime Minister, said the Prime Minister, made it possible for a person infected with smallpox to arrive in Australia during the incubation period and mix freely with the general community for several days without the disease showing itself.

Under the proposed bill to amend the Australian quarantine act, he said, a quarantine officer who is not satisfied that a traveller is protected against certain diseases would be empowered to keep that person under quarantine or constant surveillance until the period of incubation has passed.—Associated Press.

PRINCESS IN BRITAIN

London, May 22. Princess Chumbhot of Siam, with her 15 year old daughter, arrived by BA000 flying boat at Folke, Dorset, tonight on a month's visit to Britain before going to Switzerland where her daughter is going to school. The princess said that she will stay with friends in Britain and also visit the ex-Queen of Siam, Princess Sukhodolay.—Reuter.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

NOTICE TO MEMBERS

WHITSUN RACE MEETING

Saturday, 24th & Monday 26th May, 1947

The First Bell will be rung at 2.00 p.m. and the first race will be run at 2.30 p.m. each day.

Through numbers (16 Races—532) may be obtained at the office of the Treasurer, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, also tickets for the Special Cash Sweep (\$1.00) on the last race of the second day, 26th May.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club House at \$10 each day including tax is obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all chits, etc.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurer's Comptroller Office will close each day at 11 a.m.; and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices at 1st floor, Exchange Building.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Box (Tel. 3781A.)

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$2 each day including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

Bookmakers, Tie Men, etc. All not be permitted to operate within the precincts of The Hong Kong Jockey Club during the Race Meeting.

Refreshments will be obtainable at the Restaurant in the Public Enclosure.

SERVANTS' PASSER

Passes for Servants will be issued to Private Box holders ONLY on application to the Secretary, 1st Floor Exchange Building.

Any persons found loitering with Servants' passes in their possession will forfeit the same and will be removed from the enclosure.

By ORDER
C. H. BROWN,
Secretary.

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p.m.). Phone 57687.

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"Zelus" (4 x 30) Binoculars, \$100.1
"Shipping" (7 x 50) \$200.1 289,
top, Prince Edward, (5-7:30 p.m.).
Phone 57687.

POSITIONS VACANT

APPLICATIONS are invited from
certificated deck and
engine officers (of
foreign or Chinese nationality),
ex-Naval Officers with five years
or more sea experience and
holding a full watchkeeping
certificate for employment in
the Marine Department of the
Chinese Maritime Customs.
Particulars of contract may be
obtained from the Office of the
Chinese Maritime Customs,
Marina House, Queen's Road,
Central.

POSITIONS VACANT

The General Post Office,
Hong Kong, Telecommunications
have immediate vacancies for
Wireless Operators and
Technicians as follows:

WIRELESS OPERATORS:
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Class B. \$200.— " "
Class C. \$150.— " "

TECHNICIANS:
Class A. \$250.—per mensem.
Class B. \$200.— " "
Class C. \$150.— " "
plus standard rehabilitation
and/or high cost of living al-
lowances.

Applications should be made
in writing with references, cer-
tificates, etc., and passport size
photograph to the Senior Wire-
less Engineer, General Post
Office, Hong Kong, not later
than 28th May, 1947.

E. I. WYNNE-JONES,
Postmaster General.
Hong Kong, 21st May, 1947.

TRANSPORT

It is hereby notified that sen-
ders which should be
clearly marked "Tender for
Provision of Road Carrying
Motor Transport 3 ton capacity
on hire to W.D." will be re-
ceived at the office of the Com-
mander, Royal Army Service
Corps, Queen's Road, Hong
Kong until noon on 28th May
1947 for the hiring to the
War Department as required
mechanically propelled vehicles
for transport of W.D. Stores.

Vehicles will be required in
Hong Kong Island and in Kow-
loon and New Territories and
offers may be made for each
area separately or for both
areas.

Forms of Tender, and fur-
ther particulars may be obtain-
ed from H.Q. R.A.S.C.,
Queen's Road, Hong Kong.

The War Department does
not bind itself to accept the
lowest or any tender, and re-
serves the right to accept all
or any part of any tender.

S. P. PERRY
Lt Col, Commander,
Royal Army Service Corps,
HONG KONG.

HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the Ordinary Yearly Gen-
eral Meeting of HONGKONG
TRAMWAYS LIMITED will be
held at the Offices of Messrs.
Jardine, Matheson and Com-
pany, Limited, Hong Kong, on
Thursday, the 20th day of May,
1947, at 12 o'clock Noon, to
transact the ordinary business
of the Company.

And, NOTICE IS HEREBY
ALSO GIVEN that the Regis-
ter of Members of the Com-
pany will be closed from the
16th day of May to the 11th
day of June, 1947, both days
inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

W. H. PATERSON,
Secretary

Hongkong, 6th May, 1947.

HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY
GIVEN that an Extraordinary
General Meeting of the Com-
pany will be held at the Office
of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson &
Co., Ltd., 18 Pedder Street, Vic-
toria, in the Colony of Hong-
kong on Thursday, the 29th
day of May, 1947, at 12.20 in
the afternoon or so soon there-
after as the Annual General
Meeting shall have been con-
cluded for the purpose of pro-
posing and if thought fit pass-
ing the sub-jointed resolution as
a special resolution viz:—

That the Articles of Association
be altered by cancelling
Articles 127 (a) and 127 (b)
and that the following Articles
be substituted:—

"127 (a) Any General Meeting
may resolve that any
moneys investments
or other assets form-
ing part of the un-
divided profits of the
company or any un-
realised profits arising
from revaluation of
any assets of the
company and stand-
ing to the credit of
any reserve or any
capital redemption
reserve fund, or in
the hands of the
company and avail-
able for dividend (or
representing pre-
miums received on
the issue of shares
and standing to the
credit of the share
premium account) be
capitalised and dis-
tributed amongst
such of the share-
holders as would be
entitled to receive
the same if distrib-
uted by way of di-
vidend and in the same
proportions as the
footing that they be-
come entitled thereto
as capital and that
all or any part of
such capitalised pro-
fits or reserves be
applied on behalf of
such shareholders in
paying up in full
either at par or at
such premium as the
resolution may pro-
vide, any unissued
shares or debentures
or debenture stock
of the company
which shall be
distributed accord-
ingly or in or to-
wards payment of
the uncalled liability
on any issued shares
or debentures or de-
benture stock, and
that such distribu-
tion or payment
shall be accepted by
such shareholders in
full satisfaction of
their interest in the
said capitalised pro-
fits or reserves."

"127 (b) For the purpose of
giving effect to any
resolution under the
last preceding article
the directors may
settle any difficulty
which may arise in
regard to the dis-
tribution as they
think expedient, and
in particular may in-
sue fractional cer-
tificates. Where re-
quisite, a proper con-
tract shall be deliv-
ered to the Registrar
for registration in
accordance with Sec-

(Continued at foot of next col.)

THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING

The SIXTY-SECOND OR-
DINARY ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING of the Company will
be held at the Offices of the
General Managers, Messrs.
Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.,
Pedder Street, Hong Kong, on
Friday, 27th June, 1947, at
noon, for the purpose of receiv-
ing the Report of the Directors,
passing the Accounts for the
year ended 31st December, 1946,
and electing Directors and
Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the
Company will be closed from
the 20th June, 1947, to the 11th
July, 1947, inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

JARDINE, MATHESON
& CO., LTD.
General Managers.

Hong Kong, 19th May, 1947.

NOTICE

THE HONGKONG AND YAUMATI FERRY CO., LTD.

Notice is hereby given that
the Eighteenth Ordinary Annual
Meeting of the Company will
be held at the Company's Office,
3rd Floor, 144-148 Des Voeux
Road, Central, Hong Kong, on
Saturday the 24th May 1947 at
12.00 noon for the purpose of
receiving the Report and State-
ment of Accounts for the Year
ended 31st December 1946 and
for the period 16th September to
31st December 1946.

Notice is also given that the
Share Register of the Company
will be closed from the 15th
May 1947 to the 24th May 1947,
both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

LAU TAK PO,
Managing Director.

HONGKONG, 10th May, 1947.

tion 44 of the Com-
panies Ordinance,
1932 and the direc-
tors may appoint any
person to sign such
contract on behalf of
the persons entitled
to the dividend or
capitalised fund, and
such appointment
shall be effective."

If the above resolution is
duly passed as a special resolu-
tion the following two resolu-
tions will be proposed as ordi-
nary resolutions respectively
viz:—

(1) That the authorised
Capital of the company
be increased to \$20,000,000
by the creation of 8,350,000 new shares
of the nominal value of \$5
each.

(2) That it is desirable to
capitalise a sum of
HK\$6,500,000 being part
of the balance standing
at the credit of the Fixed
Assets Revaluation
Reserve of the company
and accordingly that such
sum be and is hereby
capitalised, and that such
capital sum be applied
on behalf of the persons
who on the 29th day of
May 1947 were the
holders of the 650,000
issued shares of the com-
pany in payment in full
for 1,300,000 new shares
of the nominal value of \$5
each, and that such
1,300,000 new shares
credited as fully paid be
accordingly allotted to
such persons respectively
in the proportion of two
of such new shares for
every one of the said
issued shares then held
by such persons respec-
tively, and that the
shares so allotted shall
be treated for all pur-
poses as an increase of
the nominal amount of
the capital of the com-
pany held by such such
shareholder and not as
income and further that
such new shares shall
from the 1st day of
January 1947 rank for
dividend and in all other
respects pari passu with
the already issued shares.

By Order of the Board,

W. H. PATERSON,
Secretary

Hongkong, 6th May, 1947

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that
an Extraordinary General Meet-
ing of the Company will be
held at 18 Pedder Street (1st
floor) Hong Kong on MONDAY
the NINTH day of JUNE,
1947, at NOON, for the pur-
pose of proposing and if
thought fit passing the sub-
joined resolutions as a special
resolution, viz:—

That the Articles of Associa-
tion be altered in the manner
following:—

(a) Article 17 shall be can-
celled

(b) In the third line of
Article 71 the word "two"
shall be substituted for the
word "three"

(c) The following Article shall
be substituted for Article
76 — "76. Subject to any
special terms as to voting
upon which any shares of
the Company may have
been issued or may for
the time being be held,
upon a show of hands
every member present in
person shall have one
vote, and upon a poll
every member present in
person or by proxy shall
have one vote for every
share held by him."

By Order of the Board,

R. G. CRAIG,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong,
Dated this Ninth day of May,
1947.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

At a Directors' Meeting of
the above-named Company held
on the 22nd day of May, 1947,
it was resolved that 97,747 un-
issued shares par of the new-
ly created 304,505 shares of the
nominal value of \$1 each in
the Company's Capital shall be
offered at par to the existing
Shareholders in the proportion
of one share per complete num-
ber of two shares held by them
respectively and that such offer
should be made in writing in
the form approved by the Direc-
tors and should be made to the
Shareholders appearing in the
Company's Register on the
first day of July, 1947, and that
the COMPANY'S SHARE REGIS-
TER WILL BE CLOSED FROM THE
1ST JULY TO THE 15TH JULY, 1947,
BOTH DATES INCLUSIVE.

The Company now will accept
transfers of Shares for registra-
tion provided the approval of
the Registrar of Companies has
first been obtained in each case.

A circular letter containing
the terms of the offer, together
with Form of Acceptance or
Renunciation in favour of a
Nominee will in due course be
sent out to the Shareholders.

By Order
of the Board of Directors,
R. TAYLOR,
Manager & Secretary.

NEW OFFICE-BEARERS FOR THE HONGKONG CHINESE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

At the Annual General Meeting
of the Hong Kong Chinese
Medical Association held on
April 26th, 1947 the following
new Office-Bearers were elected
for the current year:

PRESIDENT:

DR. F. I. TSEUNG

VICE-PRESIDENT:

DR. Y. T. LIU

HON. SECRETARY &

TREASURER:

DR. K. A. GOH

COUNCIL MEMBERS:—

DR. H. C. CHAN

DR. E. W. J. SUN

DR. CHAU WAI CHEUNG

DR. S. F. LI

DR. T. C. WONG

DR. D. K. SARY

DR. C. W. FANG

DR. P. F. WOO

K. A. GOH
Hon. Secretary

H. K. C. M. A.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the Forty-Sixth Annual General
Meeting of the Shareholders
will be held in the Jacobean
Room of the Hongkong Hotel,
Pedder Street, Hongkong on
Saturday, the 31st May 1947, at
Noon for the following purposes,
namely, to consider the annual
statement of accounts and the
balance sheet, and the
reports of the Directors and
Auditors thereon, to elect Di-
rectors & Auditors in the place
of those retiring, to declare a
dividend and bonus, to appro-
priate the balance of Profit and
Loss Accounts as recommended
by the Directors, and to
transact any other ordinary
business of the Company.

AND NOTICE is also given
that the Share Transfer Regis-
ters will be closed from 20th
May, 1947 to 31st May, 1947,
both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

A. D. LEARMONTH,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 12th May, 1947.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that
an Extraordinary General Meet-
ing of Shareholders will be held
at the Jacobean Room, Hong-
kong Hotel, Pedder Street,
Hong Kong, on Saturday, 31st
May, 1947, at 12.15 p.m. (or
as soon thereafter as the Or-
dinary Annual Meeting to be
held at Noon on that date shall
have been concluded) for the
purpose of considering and, if
thought fit, passing the sub-
joined Resolution as an Ordinary
Resolution:—

"That the Capital of the
Company be increased to
\$10,000,000.—by the creation
of One Million Two Hundred
Thousand additional new
shares of Five Dollars each
to be issued at such terms
and conditions in every re-
spect as the Company's Board
of Directors may think fit."

By Order of the Board,

A. D. LEARMONTH,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th May, 1947.

NOTICE IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS OF GEORGE
EDMOND FOX late of Har-
bour View Hotel, Chatham
Road, Kowloon in the Colony
of Hong Kong, Assistant
Manager of War Supplies
Board, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the Court has by virtue of
Section 58 of the Probates Or-
dinance, 1897, made an Order
limiting the time for creditors
and others to send in their
claims against the above estate
to the 18th day of June 1947.

All creditors and others are
accordingly hereby required to
send their claims to the under-
signed on or before that date.

Dated the 21st day of May, 1947.

DEACONS,
Solicitors for the Administratrix,
Prince's Building,
HONG KONG.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
and Appraisers.
Pedder Building,
Telephone No. 20224.

Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc.
Basement, French Bank Bldg.
A.E.B. de Bous, Auctioneer.
Telephone 5197.

Chinese Optical Co.
OPTICIAN
OF QUEEN'S ROAD C

CONSCRIPTION BILL GOES TO THE LORDS

London, May 22.

A motion that Britain's first peacetime conscription bill be rejected was defeated tonight in the House of Commons by a vote of 232 to 44 and the measure was given its third and final reading. The bill now goes to the House of Lords.

In moving the final reading of the bill to call up 200,000 conscripts a year for 12 months' service in the armed forces, the Defence Minister, Mr. A. V. Alexander, told the House that the country's first peacetime conscription bill would show the world that Britain was ready at all times to defend herself against aggression.

New Cancer Operation

San Francisco, May 23.

An operation which prolongs the lives of persons with a form of stomach cancer formerly regarded as beyond the reach of a surgeon's knife has been described by Dr. Gunther Nagal, of San Francisco.

In about four out of five cases, surgery can add anywhere from six to 18 months to the life expectancy of the patient, said Dr. Nagal at a regional meeting of the American College of Surgeons.

The operation is used on cancers involving the upper end of the stomach and lower end of the oesophagus. Formerly, surgeons considered it impossible to remove that part of the alimentary tract because the oesophagus at that point passes through the diaphragm to connect with the stomach. Once the connection was broken there is no way to reestablish it, because the oesophagus could not be stretched enough.

The problem was solved by opening the chest cavity instead of the abdomen, then going down through the diaphragm and pulling a part of the stomach upward to connect with the shortened oesophagus. Of 16 patients undergoing operation at Stanford University Hospital, the Doctor reports, nine were fully successful and the other seven were given a degree of relief but the malignancies were not removed.

Of the nine successful cases, six still are living after periods ranging from two months to two years.—Associated Press.

ORLANDO FAILS

Rome, May 22.
Signor Orlando, the Liberal leader, tonight informed President de Nicola that he was unable to continue his negotiations for a new government to end the 11-day old Cabinet crisis.

Signor Orlando's refusal to continue his negotiations is due to rejection by Signor Nititi, earlier suggested as a possible Premier.—Reuter.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

NOTICE
This department will be closed on Monday, the 26th of May, 1947 for all purposes except for entry and clearance of ships' manifests between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m.

(ed) E. HIMSWORTH,
Superintendent,
Imports & Exports.
Dated: 20th May, 1947.

NOTICE

We have appointed Mr. B. O. Hale as General Manager for the Far East with effect from May 1st, 1947, vice Mr. J. H. Green who retired on February 28th after 40 years valued service for the Company in the Far East.

THOS. COOK & SON, LTD.,
Berkeley Street,
London.

Belen's Beauty Salons

You can trust your personal Beauty Problems to your Far-
most expert, Belen's Beauty Salons.
Tinting, Facial, Manicure,
Pedicure, etc. Belen's expert
operators (1st floor) above
Lent Crawford's Tel. 33161.

NEW HOPE FOR LEPROS

Auckland, May 22.

Three million lepers in the Orient have been given hope by two new drugs—promin and diazone—which are said to be effecting amazing changes in leprosy patients, a leper throat disease.

South Seas' leper patients, who have worn straitjacket tubes for years, are now able to remove them.—Reuter.

Windsors' Affairs Private

London, May 22.

Philip Piratin, Communist M.P., was given the cold shoulder in the House of Commons today when he tried to big into the affairs of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor.

Piratin, one of the two Communists in Parliament, asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer what allotment of dollars above the basic export allocation of £75 had been made to the Duke and Duchess in 1945 and 1946 and to the nearest convenient date of 1947.

Replying for the Chancellor, the Financial Secretary, Mr. Glenvil Hall, said: "I am not prepared to disclose such information regarding particular individuals, whoever they may be."

Many members of the House protested audibly when Piratin rose to voice a supplementary question.

"On the point of order," he asked, "is it not in order for a Member who is concerned with saving of dollars to ask a question of this character? Is it not important that the House should be acquainted with the facts as to where dollars are being spent in regard to certain individuals who are only subjects in a private capacity?"

The deputy Speaker, Major James Milner, said: "The Honourable Member must be satisfied with the answer he has been given."

British law limits a person to £75 a year for expenditures outside the country.—United Press.

Fakir Back In The Picture

Peshawar, May 22.

The Fakir of Ipi, tall, red-bearded, legendary fighting leader, who for 12 years has been waging a sort of "Holy War" against Britain in the wild Waziristan tribal belt in northwestern India, today offered to mediate between India's two major political parties—Congress and Moslem League.

In a poster widely circulated in Waziristan and adjoining districts, the Fakir said: "For some time the League and Congress have been fighting to gain political power in India and representatives of both have approached us for support, but as I did not know the actual position, I refrained from interfering. But in view of a fresh approach recently, I am prepared to work for an amicable settlement, provided that both parties accept me as mediator."

Last March, the Fakir was reported to be making guns in the mountain fastness of the Northwest Frontier.

In October, 1946, he was reported to be willing to come to terms with the Congress Party.

For years he has had a large following among Waziris, who are said to fear his curse.—Reuter.

SHOWING TO-DAY **QUEEN'S** AT 2.30 5.15 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

GEORGE RAFT
JOAN BENNETT
VIVIAN BLAINE
PEGGY ANN GARNER

NOB HILL
IN TECHNICOLOR

...A guy as tough as they come!
...Two gals as dangerous as they make em!
...It's dynamite not to music!

TOMORROW AT 11.30 A.M. ONLY **"APPOINTMENT IN TOKYO"**
Filmed by 1000 Combat Cameramen!
ADDED: Cartoons, etc!

SHOWING TO-DAY **WINKS** AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.
AIR-CONDITIONED

HER HIGHNESS
lost her shyness and the bellboy lost his job...

ROBERT LAMARR WALKER ALLYSON
"Her Highness and the Bellboy"

ADDED: Latest METRO-NEWS

TO-MORROW MORNING AT 11.30 A.M.
FRED MacMURRAY in **"PARDON MY PAST"**
with MARGUERITE CHAPMAN—A Columbia Picture

ORIENTAL

Final Showing To-day at 2.30, 5.20, 7.20, & 9.20 p.m.
A picture with Sparkling Music, Salsa Dancing, and the Beauties of Hollywood!

DANNY KAYE
THE KID FROM BROOKLYN
—Virginia Mayo—VERA-ELLEN
The GOLDWYN GIRLS
WALTER BRADY—JOHN LEE—JOHN DODD
110 MINUTES—LARGE SCREEN

SPECIAL MORNING SHOWS FOR HOLIDAYS!
at 12.30 noon.

Sunday: "NOTRE DAME OF HUNCH BACK"

Monday: "SNOW WHITE & THE 7 DWARFS"

Commencing: "GILDA"

STAR THEATRE

THE H.K. STAGE CLUB
(the comedy of C.S.I.)
YOUTH at the HELM
FARCE in THREE ACTS
BY PAUL VULPIUS
DONALD RUD

TO-NIGHT AT 8.30 P.M.
Last Performance—Saturday, 24th May
BOOKING HOURS: 12 p.m.—2 p.m. and 5 p.m.—7.30 p.m.
TELEPHONE: 58885

"THE LIGHTS GO OUT VERY EARLY IN STANLEY"

Johnston Asks For More Time To Prepare His Statement

"The lights go out very early in Stanley Prison. All I want is a quiet place where I can sit down and gather my thoughts."

These remarks were made by Frank Henry Johnston, charged under the Defence Regulations with assisting the enemy, before the tiffin adjournment of his case yesterday, when he made an application for time in which to prepare a statement.

Carl Flick-Steger, a prosecution witness, said that compared to Gracie, Johnston was a very important person, in that he was an all round man and more experienced than Gracie.

It was disclosed in the course of yesterday's hearing that Johnston's property is being detained by the Johnson Hotel in Shanghai, which refuses to turn it over until rent, amounting to £2,000,000, is paid.

Mr. A. Lonsdale, assisted by Inspector MacAulie, in prosecuting on behalf of the Crown, Johnston is conducting his own defence.

The case is being heard before Mr. Justice E. H. Williams (Puisne Judge).

When hearing was resumed yesterday morning, Mr. Lonsdale addressed the Court in the following terms:

"It is customary for the Crown to allow considerable latitude to the defence when not represented by Counsel, but I think that warning ought to be given to accused that in this case, although little objection was raised yesterday in view of the questions put, I shall in future object to matters which are irrelevant and further, that if the character of Crown witnesses is to be attacked, I think the accused should be acquainted beforehand that if he does attack such witnesses, the Crown will be entitled to bring any evidence that they may have in their possession concerning the accused's character, including offences of which he may have been convicted in the past."

Accused Warned
Mr. Justice Williams then issued a warning to accused in similar terms.

Under further cross-examination, Carl Flick-Steger agreed that the Japanese exercised strict censorship over all news after Dec. 8, 1941.

When asked if Sept. 3 and Sept. 8, 1943, meant anything to him as a German citizen, Flick-Steger said that off-hand he could not attach much importance to the dates. He remembered Aug. 15, 1945, as the date of Russia's entry into Manchuria.

Johnston then pointed out to Flick-Steger that Sept. 3 was the date of the Italian capitulation and that Sept. 8, was the date of the official Armistice.

Regarding Aug. 15, Johnston said that this was the date on which Herbert May, late com-

mentator for XGRS, committed suicide at the Radio Station.

Johnston then asked Flick-Steger whether, as a newspaper man and manager of a radio station, he thought it advisable to have the same voice which broadcast physical exercises, advertising for pills, Bing Crosby and other items on the programme, put over some political talk.

Replying, Flick-Steger said that it depended on the number of voices available. At the time, radio announcers were difficult to obtain, as there were very few people willing to co-operate with the Germans. They had therefore to make the best use of the voices available.

Re-examined, Flick-Steger said that he did not know that Johnston had given information to the American authorities at Shanghai. He had heard about this matter for the first time in Court on Thursday.

"Tried To Curry Favour"

Flick-Steger said that he had heard that Johnston, after working for years with the Germans and later with the Japanese, was trying to curry favour with the Americans.

Flick-Steger said that he himself had been put through a thorough examination by the American authorities in Shanghai. He had not been charged with any offence and his papers were returned to him. Subsequently, he entered the service of the United States Military Commission in Shanghai, from whom he received the following letter on the termination of his services:

"Now that all evidence in the war crimes case of United States of America v. Lothar Eisenberger, alias Ludwig Ehrhardt and 26 other German nationals has been presented to United States Military Commission, I wish to say that in your capacity as an interpreter at the trial, you have rendered excellent service."

"During the past four months as a War Department employee, whose appointment as interpreter was concurred in by the prosecution and defence, your performance has been one of conscientious competent and cheerful quality in and outside of court and has been of substantial benefit."

"In view of your experience in the United States, you may seek employment with the United States Occupation Authorities in Germany. If so, you may show this letter."

NOTICE

WHIT MONDAY -- MAY 26, 1947

WE-BEG TO INFORM OUR PATRONS THAT DURING THE ABOVE HOLIDAY OUR BUSINESS HOURS WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:—

MAIN STORE—ALL DEPTS. CLOSED

ANNEXE—FOR CAKES AND BREAD

OPEN FROM 8.30 A.M. TO NOON

CAFE WISEMAN—OPEN AS USUAL

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



McNUTT'S SUCCESSOR

Kansas City, Mo., May 23. President Truman announced on Thursday the appointment of former Democratic Representative Emmet O'Neal of Kentucky as Ambassador to the Philippines to succeed Paul V. McNutt.—Associated Press.

The letter was signed by Lieut. Colonel J. J. O'Connor, prosecutor in the U.S. War Crimes Team in Shanghai.

Black List
Continuing, Flick-Steger said that he was offered a contract by the Japanese on three occasions. It turned down the offer and was placed on the Japanese blacklist.

Flick-Steger said that he gave evidence against Von Puttkamer, a witness in the present case.

Preparations were in hand for his repatriation to Germany when he was surprised to learn that he was required in Hong Kong.

Flick-Steger said that he never saw Johnston working with the American War Crimes Team in Shanghai.

Flick-Steger concluded his testimony by saying that, compared to Gracie, Johnston was a very important person. He was an all round man and possessed more experience than Gracie. Furthermore, Gracie had a certain accent which Johnston did not have.

Von Puttkamer

After testifying as to his acquaintance with Johnston and the nature of the latter's activities in Shanghai during the war years, Baron Jesso Von Puttkamer said that he himself had been tried by the American War Crimes Court in Shanghai for alleged violation of the German surrender terms and giving aid to the Japanese after the German surrender. His sentence was under appeal at Washington.

Von Puttkamer said that his consent had not been sought before he was brought to Hong Kong to give evidence. He was handed over to the British authorities by the Americans.

Cross-examined, Von Puttkamer agreed that all news matter after Dec. 8, 1941, was censored by the Japanese authorities.

He was not a member of the Nazi Party.

Von Puttkamer admitted that he had been told that Johnston was working for the Americans after the war, but had never heard that he had been making investigations in the Ehrhardt expose. He never saw accused in Court or heard him give evidence.

Rudolph Sommer

Rudolph Sommer also gave evidence concerning his relations with the accused in Shanghai. Sommer admitted that he had certain books in his library which belittled the German war effort, but did not see any disadvantage in having such books on the shelf.

Replying to Johnston, Sommer agreed that it would take a considerable amount of time and research to compile, without setting and filing cards. He considered 100 marks, which was the equivalent of \$40 to \$50 U.S. Currency, sufficient payment for all this time and effort.

Margaret Schneider, who said she was the keeper of records at the German radio station in Shanghai and was still in charge of the archives, said that she had a special cabinet for the records of Johnston, whom she knew and whom she frequently saw in the studio of the station.

In answer to Johnston, Margaret Schneider said that she filed American dance music and comedy records. She had never filed any propaganda records made by him or heard him give a commentary over the air.

Re-examined, witness agreed that when Americans came to Shanghai, they took away certain records, including some by Hollingsworth. It was not normal to make cuttings of news broadcast. Only items which were required for use at a later date were cut.

J. H. Ladd

James Herbert Ladd testified that he had heard broadcasts by Johnston and that the latter had said that he might arrange for witness to join the German radio station.

When cross-examined as to his work for the Japanese radio station, Ladd said that his reasons in connection with this matter had already been satisfactorily explained. His purpose in coming out of Camp was specially for the purpose of making certain contacts. His conduct had been scrutinized by the British Military Board after the termination of the war.

N.R. Kirk, ship-broker, living at the Y.M.C.A., said that he had known accused since he was nine years of age.

He had heard accused broadcasting over the German radio station under the name of "Pat Kelly." Johnston had previously broadcast over an American station. His voice was well known over the radio.

In Aug. or Sept. 1941, Johnston came to see him regarding advertising for Ewo beer. The offer was subsequently approved, but Johnston did not come back.

Kirk said that he later heard that Johnston was working with a German broadcasting station.

Kirk said that he heard Johnston broadcasting, but became so disgusted with what he heard that he turned to radio off.

Ewo Beer

Under cross-examination, Kirk agreed that Johnston did advertise Ewo beer over the air when broadcasting baseball games and fights.

M.B. Dietrich, who was an engineer at the Hong Kong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., before the outbreak of the Pacific War, said that he left Hong Kong for Shanghai in November 1941 for health reasons. He was at sea on his way back to Hong Kong when war broke out between Japan and the Allies. He returned to Shanghai and while there, heard anti-Allied broadcasts. (Continued on Page 9)

TRUMAN THANKS McNUTT

Washington, May 22.

President Truman has written to Mr. Paul McNutt, a letter accepting Mr. McNutt's resignation as first United States Ambassador to the Philippine Republic and praising him for his "historic role" in the establishment of Philippine independence.

Mr. Truman told Mr. McNutt he regretted "that circumstances impel you to return to private pursuits".—United Press.

SHOWING TO-DAY **MAJESTIC** AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 and 9.20 P.M.

MIGHTIEST OF TARZAN THRILLERS
"TARZAN'S DESERT MYSTERY"

Starring
JOHNNY WEISSMULLER • NANCY KELLY
JOHNNY SHEFFIELD • KKO-RADIO PICTURE

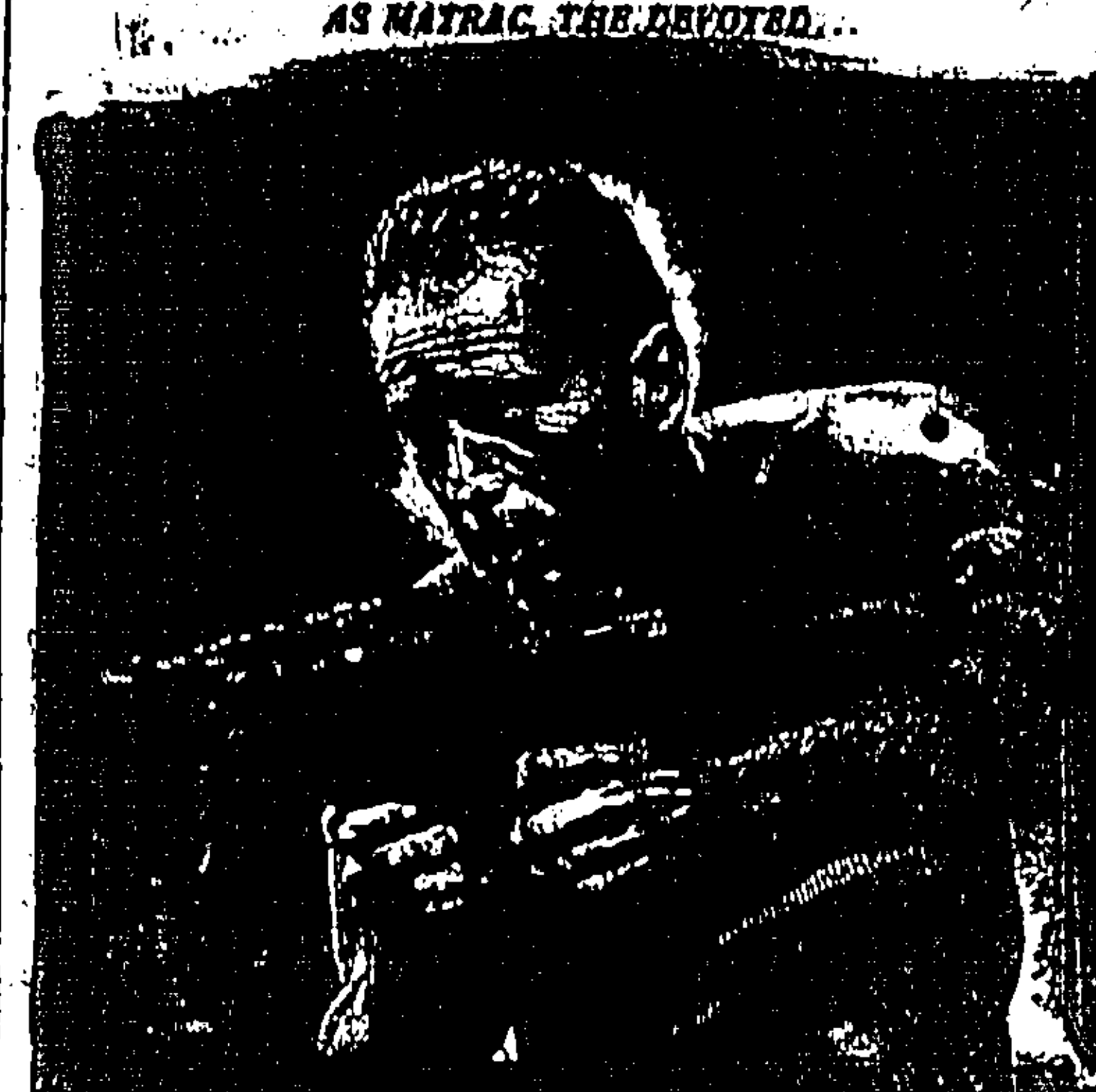
Concerning Dud

By EDGAR MARTIN



ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL
DAILY AT 2.30 5.15 & 9.30 P.M. DAILY AT 2.30 5.15 & 9.30 P.M.
SHOWING TO-DAY

HUMPHREY BOGART
AS MATRAC THE DEVOTED...



Warner Bros.
present once again the kind of story for which they are famed

PASSAGE TO MARSEILLE
By the authors of 'Molloy on the Bounty'

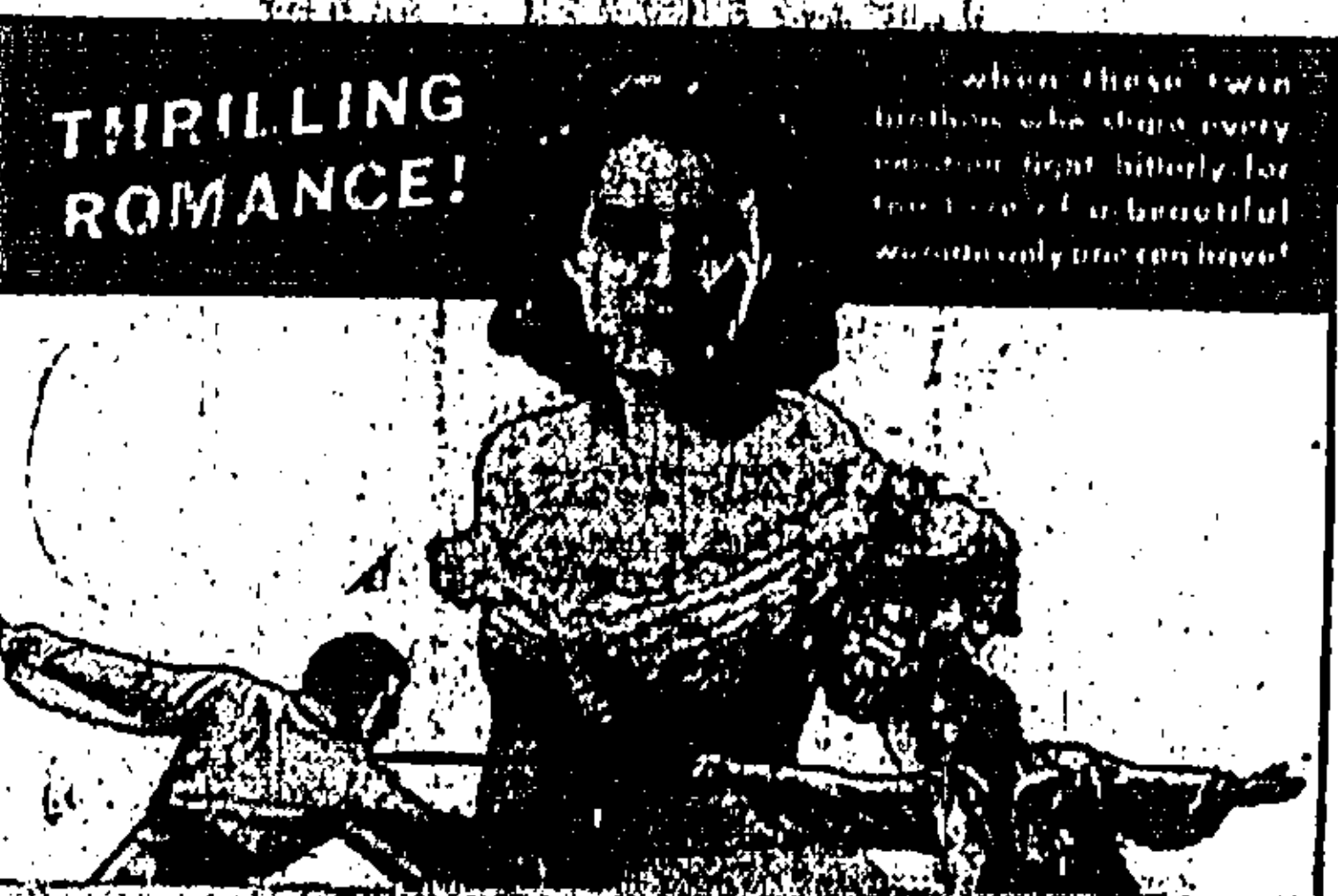
This remarkable supporting cast:

CLAUDE RAINS • MICHELE MORGAN • PHILIP BOON • SYDNEY GREENSTREET • HELMUT DANTINE • PETER LOBBE • GEO. TOBIAS
A HAL B. WALLIS PRODUCTION • DIRECTED BY MICHAEL CURTIZ

LEE THEATRE

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ST. FRANCIS HOTEL, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
Booking hours 11.00 A.M. to 6.00 P.M. daily

Showing To-day At 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



THE CORSIKAN BROTHERS
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, JR.
Directed by GREGORY RATOFF • Released thru United Artists

Cathay Showing To-day AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

ADVENTURE GALORE
WITH THE FOREIGN LEGION OF THE R.A.F.
"INTERNATIONAL SQUADRON"
starring RONALD REAGAN • OLIVIE BRADNA

TO-MORROW AT 12.30 P.M.
Maurice CHEVALIER • John PAYNE in
"TO THE SHORES OF TRIPOLI"



NEXT FLIGHT:

HONG KONG TO BANGKOK Tuesday, 27th May.

HONG KONG TO MANILA Wednesday, 28th May.

For Passage and Freight apply to:-

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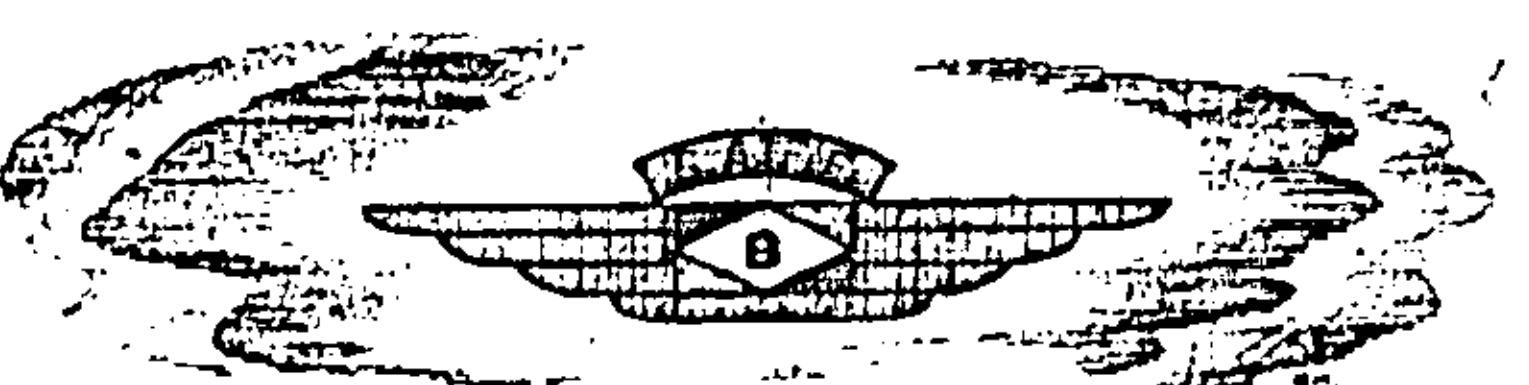
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(Entrance on Duddell Street).

S. A. F. E.



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CALCUTTA CAIRO LONDON
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(terminal)

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26th May
2nd June
8th June
22nd June
6th July

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Tels: 34177-9HIN FAT & CO.
Tel. 23483CENTRAL AIR
TRANSPORT CORP.Shell House—Queen's Road Central,
Hong Kong

Tels. 23278, 27811, 27855, 58948

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CHUNGKING Sat.
KUNMING Tues., & Thurs.
LIUCHOW Tues., & Thurs.
SHANGHAI Tues., Thurs., & Sat.

ALL VIA CANTON

NEW TARIFF FROM DATE

(FARE)	(FREIGHT)
HK\$180.-	\$1.80 per kilo.
CANTON	35 "
CHUNGKING	2.50 "
KUNMING	3.50 "
LIUCHOW	1.80 "
SHANGHAI	3.00 "

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AT THE

STAR HOTEL

TO

PETE VALDERRAMA & His ORCHESTRA
TEA DANCES EVERY SUNDAY FROM 4 PM TO 6.30 PM
DINNER DANCES NIGHTLY FROM 7.30 PM TILL 12.30 AM
23 & 25, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON. TEL. 68921

CHINA MAIL

Windsor House

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Editor: 24854

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One year H.K.\$72.00COMMUNITY'S
THANKS

H.E. Mr. Dr. M. MacDougall's well-deserved tribute to members of the Tenancy Committee and those whose names are on the Tenancy Tribunal panel needs no endorsement. For more than eighteen months they have given freely and generously of their time in a spirit of public service, without expectation of gain or reward of any kind, except perhaps the personal satisfaction that goes naturally with accomplishment of a worthwhile aim. Theirs has been the task, one way or another, of regulating relations between landlord and tenant, and the fact that additional labours may be required of the Tribunals under the new Rent Control Ordinance is the measure of the official estimate of their value and their success. The Committee was largely instrumental in devising the modifications of the original legislation which are reflected in the vastly improved measure passed into law on Thursday. Many points of difficulty have now been clarified, the legal position is stated in more precise terms, and in the result, the work of the Tribunals should prove somewhat less arduous. This simplification of the problems was much to be desired if only to give opportunity to the Tribunals to catch up with arrears. The only other way in which arrears could be made upon the outstanding applications for hearing is an increase in strength of the panel to enable more cases to be handled simultaneously. The Colony congratulates itself on having found as many individuals as it has, able and willing to devote part of their leisure hours to the service of the community, and in so important a field, but we feel sure that public spirit was not entirely exhausted when the list was last made up.

THE EMPIRE

While friends console, the American press seems to have convinced itself that the British Empire is about to dissolve and pass into history. Certainly there are many symptoms which might indicate that the Empire is on the decline. Britain is allowing herself to be chartered out of India and Burma. She has voluntarily abandoned part of her treaty rights in Egypt. Despite all these omens, there are solid grounds for thinking that the long-term future is brighter than the dismal prophets foretell. Today the British Empire still consists of an area of nearly 14,000,000 square miles—four times that of the United States. Its population is more than 500,000,000. If India attains the full self-government promised next year, it is far from settled yet that she will choose to quit the Empire. Even if a majority of the Indian States and provinces were to choose to sever the last connections with the Empire, it might well be that others would insist on maintaining their own imperial communications. But, of course, the great future of the Empire has always lain and still lies in the self-governing dominions. The position of the dominions towards each other and towards Great Britain was well described, as long ago as 1926, in the following words: "They are autonomous communities within the British Empire, equal in status, in no way subordinate one to another in any aspect of their domestic or external affairs, though united by a common allegiance to the Crown, and freely associated as members of the British Commonwealth of Nations." The relationship between the self-governing members of the British Commonwealth has never been closer than it is today. And these are, of course, the lands of the future. The white population of the Commonwealth is about 80,000,000 and, 100 years from today, it might well amount to 200,000,000. With their traditions of British freedom, their complementary economic roles, and their unique world-embracing strategic position, the members of the Commonwealth will become more rather than less powerful as the years go by. Those who today are so confidently proclaiming the end

of the British Commonwealth as a great world power may easily be proved wrong. A great world power is more pertinent than the London decision providing common citizenship for all persons living in the Commonwealth.

F. DRAKE begs most respectfully to intimate that he will be most happy to devote two hours daily, viz. 12 to 2, to instruct Young Gentlemen in Reading, Writing and Arithmetic. Terms—Six Dollars per Month.

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TRANSFUSIONS SAVE LIVES

HONG KONG APPEALS
FOR BLOOD DONORS

It is common knowledge that blood and blood products saved thousands of lives during the recent war. When a man was wounded in battle and lost a great deal of blood there was a transfusion unit ready to give him blood plasma or whole blood by vein often within half an hour of the incident. Most blood transfusion units were right up in the front lines with the fighting troops equipped with trained personnel and the apparatus necessary to get the precious life-saving fluids to the patient as quickly as possible.

So valuable did these measures prove in combatting shock and potentially fatal bleeding, that modern hospitals feel that blood transfusion and the use of blood plasma constitute an essential part of their service to the public. Many hospitals use the "blood bank" system, whereby blood is stored ready for emergency use, and as used by the patients is replaced by donations to the "bank" by their relatives, so that a balance of supply is maintained. This method works very well, as it is then unnecessary for the patient to pay the expenses of professional donors. Other hospitals keep a list of donors willing to give blood to save life, and when an emergency arises, a donor can be sent for, his blood taken and given to the patient. This is a little slower than the "blood bank" method, but works quite well.

Stumbling Block

For many years an effort has been made to start a blood transfusion service here in the Colony. It was felt that there should be a place where an urgent case could receive immediate transfusion with fresh blood and where cases going up for serious operations could receive a booster transfusion before and after. Doctors faced with the problems of everyday accidents, operations, anaemic cases, etc. have long been aware of the need.

There has always been one stumbling block, however. For some reason, donations of blood from Chinese in the Colony have so far been rare, and all attempts to start a blood trans-

fusion service have had to depend on willing, public-spirited Europeans.

Why is this? Surely a Chinese father whose son has had a serious accident would not stand by when he needed blood and let him die because of personal fear of giving a little of this precious fluid. Perhaps the value of blood in saving lives is not generally accepted by the Chinese public. Perhaps they do not realise that the value of blood transfusion has long been recognized in Western countries, more particularly since so many young men and women owe their lives to its use in the recent hostilities. By refusing to come up-to-date in this matter, they are lagging behind, and lagging behind is not the intention of the spirit of New China.

Chinese Saved

Another earnest attempt is being made to start a blood transfusion service. Apparatus has been assembled, a room has been set aside at the Queen Mary Hospital, doctors and nurses have worked overtime organizing the project, and through the generosity of the Commandos some blood is being made available for urgent cases. Already several patients have benefited. As this is being written, a Chinese patient booked for a serious operation designed to save his life from cancer, is being wheeled into the operating theatre with blood in his veins given by a Commando. We sincerely hope that the relatives of this man will give this blood back to the "blood bank" so that someone else may benefit.

This is a special plea to readers. The staff of the Queen Mary Hospital is willing to use time and equipment taking your blood and giving it to others so that lives may be saved. There is nothing to fear. A small amount of blood (about one twentieth of the total blood in your body) will be taken into a special bottle. You will not be hurt. Every courtesy will be afforded you and the procedure is almost painless. This blood can be matched with a patient who needs it, and given to him, bringing colour to his cheeks and helping him to breathe more freely. There is no more noble action that you can do in Hong Kong today than to give your blood that others may live. This is an act completely free from racial or religious prejudice, a chance to show that spirit of goodwill which we all know very well is so badly needed in this World today.

Those who are interested in this subject and would like to register as blood donors can do so by telephoning 39861, giving their names and addresses, or by writing in to the Director of Medical Services, Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building.

Moslems
To Parade
In London

London, May 22.

The Moslem League of Great Britain will hold a mass demonstration in Trafalgar Square on Sunday evening and later send a deputation to the Prime Minister at No. 10, Downing Street.

The demonstration will be in support of Mr. Jinnah's latest statement demanding all of Bengal and the Punjab and a corridor across Northern India to connect the two parts of Pakistan.

The deputation will consist of office bearers of the Moslem League in Great Britain and Moslem residents in Britain from the Punjab, Bengal and Assam.

The deputation will also stress that Britain's Moslems will fight alongside their countrymen for every inch against the latest demand of Congress for the partitioning of Bengal and the Punjab.

Contingents of Moslem Leaguers are arriving in London from Birmingham, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Manchester, Glasgow, Oxford and Cambridge.

A committee of action has been formed which meets tomorrow to work out a programme for vigorous demonstrations all over Britain and for a Pakistan Week in the near future.—Reuter.

AIR FORCE CRASH

Dayton, Ohio, May 22

Air Force officials at Wright Field said five persons were killed and two injured when a C-97—transport version of the "Superfortress"—crashed near here while on a routine test flight.—United Press.

New Style Injections

New York, May 21.

A newly developed instrument that promises to do away with injections by needle—including those of insulin for diabetics—was demonstrated in New York recently on me.

I can testify that this new instrument is painless. No

needle pierces the skin. In fact, no puncture of the skin is made.

The solution whether insulin, penicillin or mercury, is shot right through the skin.

The demonstration was made by Prof. Frank H. J. Figg of the University of Maryland Medical School, Baltimore. He used a small injection of adrenalin on me.

Dr. Figg said he had been given the task of evaluating the instrument, and that he found it to be practical.

The instrument, so new that it has not yet been given an official name, was developed by Robert P. Scherer, a Detroit engineer. It weighs about 200 pounds and is a metal cylinder about the size of a flashlight.

It has a powerful spring inside, and on one end an ampule, or metal capsule about the size of a .22 calibre cartridge, is placed. This capsule can be filled with the solution or drug desired and dosage measured.

In demonstrating the instrument, Dr. Figg first wiped a section of my arm with alcohol. Then he pressed the sterilized end of the capsule to the arm. He pressed a button, and within a fraction of a second the adrenalin was through the skin. No pain.

Dr. Figg explained that the capsule contains an opening, 300th of an inch in diameter, and that the solution was shot through this opening at a pressure of 3,200 pounds per square inch.

The solution travelling at terrific speed, is forced through

the skin. When the job is done expertly there is no pain, no bad effects. Dr. Figg admitted that he did not "do a very good job" in my injection.

Hundreds of other persons are "scared of the needle," and the sub-jet will prove their friend. This will apply particularly to children, he believed.

Scherer developed the instrument after determining that the oil spray from jets on Diesel engines often penetrated the skin of personnel.

Dr. Figg has been using it clinically for about five months. He said it has some limitations, including the fact that it can not be used for injections directly into the veins.

"But its advantages far exceed the disadvantages," he said.—United Press.

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CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"I see old Father Time is getting in his dirty work!"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

THINK OF ALL
ANGLES

Nobody can think of everything—that is, if there really is such a thing as what people call "everything." But the best bridge players try to think of all the angles that bear importantly on the existing situation. Take the matter of your opponent's opening lead, when you are the declarer. Right offhand, it may seem to be from a certain kind of holding in its suit. But think a bit. Possibly the leader has a certain other holding, from which that lead could be quite regular. In that event, maybe you can protect yourself against both possibilities, if you will just weigh the means.

S. A 7 4 3
H. Q J 10 9 4
D. K 9 6 3
C. None
S. 9 6 5
H. A K
D. J 7
C. A 8 7
6 5 4
S. K Q 10 8
H. 3
D. A 8 6 4
C. K Q J 10

(Dealer: South, East-West vulnerable).

South	West	North	East
1 D	2 C	2 H	Pass
2 S	Pass	3 C	Pass
3 D	Pass	4 S	Pass
6 S			

That was pretty and expert bidding. After North, advertising his adequate spade fit for a fourcard suit, invited slam, indicated no losers and asked South to cuebid any ace when he bid the opponents' suit with 3-Clubs. South showed his diamond A at the safe level of only three, whereupon North betokened the spade A by jumping in instead of taking it gradually

pass West's 1-Spade bid?

(Dealer: South, North-South vulnerable).

What should South do in rubber bridge if North and East

pass West's 1-Spade bid?

Upper Egyptian village during the celebrations of a religious festival.

The fire was started by an explosion of a stove in a flimsy Arab home and quickly spread to other houses in the vicinity.

Many were injured, some seriously, in rushing from their homes into narrow alleys to avoid the flames.—Reuter.

Cairo, May 22.

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Cyprus Civil Servant Dispute

Kyrenia, May 22. Lord Windor, Governor of Cyprus, having refused its registration, the Cyprus Civil Servants' Trade Union must be dissolved, the organization committee of Government workers announced today.

The Governor's refusal was based on the provisions of trade union and trade dispute law of 1941, which gives him the right to refuse the registration of a trade union whose members belong to different trades.

The Cyprus Civil Service Association decided last March to seek registration as a trade union. This would have given the members the right to strike and to present salary claims, forbidden to them at present.

Resolutions protesting against salary rates and against separate scales for British and Cypriot officials were adopted at the general meeting of the Cypriot Civil Servants' Association last November.

VICEROY'S INDIA PLAN Indians To Decide Partition Shape Plebiscites May Be Held

(By Fraser, Wighton)

London, May 22. India, if she divides, will herself decide the shape of Hindustan and Pakistan by a rapid democratic method in the plan which the Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten, will submit to political leaders at New Delhi on June 2, according to well-informed London sources.

The plan is expected to propose a swift creation of a separate Moslem League Constituent Assembly to assist an early reference to India's elected representatives of the kind of plurality desired. There is little expectation that the British Government, with time the compelling factor in the negotiations will propose a nationwide referendum to the people of India.

The possibility of plebiscites in one or two of the provinces at present focal points of contention is not, however, ruled out.

With the Viceroy-Cabinet talks nearing a climax in London, and the fateful Delhi conference near, a clearer picture of early events seems possible. The broad pattern, informed quarters think, will be as follows:

Stage 1: Key decision by India's leaders on whether the country will remain united or divided.

Stage 2: Assuming the decision is for plurality, a subsequent conference of the Viceroy and small groups of leaders on the procedure of the plan that Lord Mountbatten will offer as the means of ascertaining how the country can be divided to the satisfaction of its leading communities.

There is wide assumption here that the existing Constituent Assembly at New Delhi boycotted by the Moslem League will be drawn upon to obtain reactions of representatives of the Congress Party, Sikhs and Indian Christians and other communities taking part in its deliberations. As Moslem League participation in the present Assembly would now seem doubtful under any circumstance, a separate Assembly in close association with the principal legislatures is indicated as machinery to provide democratic expression from League representatives.

Three Months?

Stage 3: Assuming leaders agree on this broad plan, machinery would then exist to obtain quick reaction from India's elected representatives as a whole. Observers think that Britain has in mind a short period, certainly not exceeding two or three months.

Stage 4: The calling of a further conference of Indian leaders—those who will participate in the June 2 meeting—to agree finally in the light of the reactions obtained from elected representatives the manner of India's divorce and the plan on which the two main communities individually will proceed to the shaping of their constitutions.

Most people here are regretfully persuaded that division seems practically inevitable, though it is known that the

H.K. FREIGHTER REFLOATED

Brishane, May 22.

After being stranded on mud for three days, the 4,200-ton Hong Kong freighter "Inchkeith" was successfully refloated under her own steam but might suffer damage by other craft had it failed. She was apparently little damaged.

The "Inchkeith," formerly the "Empire Planet" registered at Swansea, (England), went aground with her crew of 40 Chinese on a mangrove island 18 miles off Lucinda, near Ingham, north Queensland.—Reuter.

Viceroy will make one more effort to secure consideration of the Cabinet Mission plan, which was designed to satisfy the Congress demand for a United India, provide a semblance of the Moslem League leader, Dr. Jinnah's, Pakistan and give a union centre for vital subjects such as defence and external affairs.

Indian States

The position of the Indian states has yet to be crystallized, observers think. Presumably the states participating in the present Constituent Assembly would represent their views from that body.

The position of the States, boycotting the Assembly may have to be made a matter of personal negotiations between the Viceroy and their representatives.—Reuter.

Terrorists Blow Up Acre Bridge

Jerusalem, May 22.

Jewish extremists blew up and seriously damaged the bridge near Acre Prison today, injuring one British person. Recently, 251 prisoners were released from Acre in a raid by extremists.

Meanwhile, the Jewish Agency spokesman, Gershon Hirsch, announced that the organized Jewish community had decided to "take the initiative in wiping out Arab bandit bands."

Hirsch's announcement constituted the first open official endorsement of Haganah's "punitive expedition" in Feja village on Tuesday, in which seven Arabs were killed.

Hirsch said the original plan of the attack had not succeeded because the leader of Haganah's striking force had been killed almost immediately. He criticized the police for being lenient with Arab robbers. He claimed robbers killed two Jews during April, as well as 24 Arabs.

The "danger of such incidents" was appreciated as a possible cause of future Arab-Jewish conflict, Hirsch said, but "we will carry on defending ourselves against these bands, seeing the police are not taking any action."—United Press.

"Parliament"

Jerusalem, May 22. Jews in Palestine were tonight told by the Jewish elected Assembly (Parliament) which ended a three-day session here that it was their duty to tell their leaders when terrorist operations were threatened.

The Assembly stated in a resolution that it was the duty of all members of the Jewish community in Palestine to inform the "Jewish authorities of any danger threatening anybody as a result of actual or contemplated terrorist operations."

More than 170 delegates attended the "Parliament" which was addressed by David Ben-Gurion, veteran chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive.

The Assembly ended with the adoption of several resolutions, including one welcoming the United Nations Factfinding Committee "which will find only a just solution: Jewish statehood in Palestine."—Reuter.

Guilty

Jerusalem, May 22. Mordechai Laufer, 39-year-old Jew, was found guilty by a military court here today of carrying arms and was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment with special treatment.

A patrol of Grenadier Guards arrested Laufer at Ramat Gan, near Tel Aviv, on April 4 while he was in charge of a small vehicle.

The vehicle contained two two-inch mortars, two Sten guns, one Lewis gun, 15 rifles, 16 revolvers and pistols, 25 grenades, four shotguns and a quantity of ammunition.—Reuter.

Admission By Nazi Camp Chief

Nuernberg, May 22.

Oswald Pohl, cold-blooded, hard-headed businessman who ran Hitler's concentration camps, today took the blame for destruction of the Warsaw ghetto.

On trial with 10 colleagues before the United States war crimes court, Pohl at first denied he knew anything about the Warsaw crimes, long attributed to the SS, of which he was a Lieutenant General.

Under further questioning, Pohl admitted it was one of the organizations under his jurisdiction which tore down the Jewish quarter in Warsaw. The same outfit later built the gas chambers and crematoria at Auschwitz concentration camp, he said.

Pohl, however, claimed he knew nothing about valuables taken from camp inmates after they were exterminated.

"I only forwarded these valuables to the proper government officials," Pohl said. "I didn't know where they came from or from whom they were taken." The prosecution has established that jewellery, clothes and gold teeth totalling 55,000,000 Reichsmarks were taken from inmates and turned over to Pohl.—United Press.

Arabs' Stand On Palestine

Washington, May 22.

The decisions taken by the United Nations on Palestine, even though backed by the majority of member nations, will be resisted by Arab states unless Arab demands for the establishment of an independent Arab state are met, Dr. Fadhil Jamali, Iraq Foreign Minister, said here today.

"We will not accept as justice what does not appear to us to be justice," he told a press conference, adding that no plan for the partition, or creation, of a Jewish state there would be acceptable.

Dr. Jamali, who headed Iraq's delegation to the special United Nations General Assembly which recently discussed Palestine, and is going home tomorrow, accused the United States press of "perversion of facts" in presenting the Arab views.

Three separate issues were involved, he said:

1. The Palestine problem, which should be settled within the country.
2. Displaced persons problem, which called for international attention.
3. Jewish state, which should be studied apart from Palestine and outside Palestine.—Reuter.

Vampires For Swiss Air Force

Berne, May 22.

Switzerland is to maintain a peacetime air force of at least 500 planes of the very latest types.

The order from Britain of 75 De Havilland "Vampire" planes was only the first step in the formation of this force. Plans were under consideration for the manufacture in Switzerland of "Vampire" planes.

The Swiss Federal Council, however, has recommended that the purchase of the planes be postponed for the present so that advantage may be taken of the latest improvements.

The Swiss Federal Council report said that the need for an up-to-date Air Force was apparent because Switzerland could not expect to rely on potential Allies for assistance with a tactical air force owing to special conditions of Alpine flying. The report said that Switzerland, however, would look forward to receiving aid from the strategic air forces of any possible Allies in the event of war.—Reuter.

RUSSIANS LOSE AGAIN

Lake Success, May 23.

The United Nations Security Council today voted confidence in the border watch group it has stationed in Northern Greece.

By a vote of six to two, the Council defeated a Russian proposal which would have curbed the powers of the United Nations subcommission and would have ordered it to move from Salonika to Athens.—Associated Press.

Scientific Octopus To "Climb" Sea

Seattle, May 22.

A mountain-climbing octopus, "Oscar III," and his trainer, Ivar Haglund, are en route to "climb" the mountain infested waters of the Alaskan Gulf. The 11,350 foot underwater "sea-mount" Miller is their destination.

Discovery of giant submarine peaks 900 miles northwest of Seattle by the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey is responsible for Haglund's latest stunt.

"Man has still not invented a diving suit to withstand the terrific pressures involved," said Haglund. "So the actual climbing will be done by a scientifically trained octopus."

According to the building aquarium-owner, Oscar's greatest hazard in scaling Mt. Miller is that he must start from the top and "climb" down.

"Ordinary mountain climbers start off fresh to scale dry-land peaks," he said. "My Oscar will have to battle down to terrific pressure depths. At the halfway mark he might falter and fall all the way up to the top."

Oscar, it seems has received rigorous prepping for "Operations Seaweed."

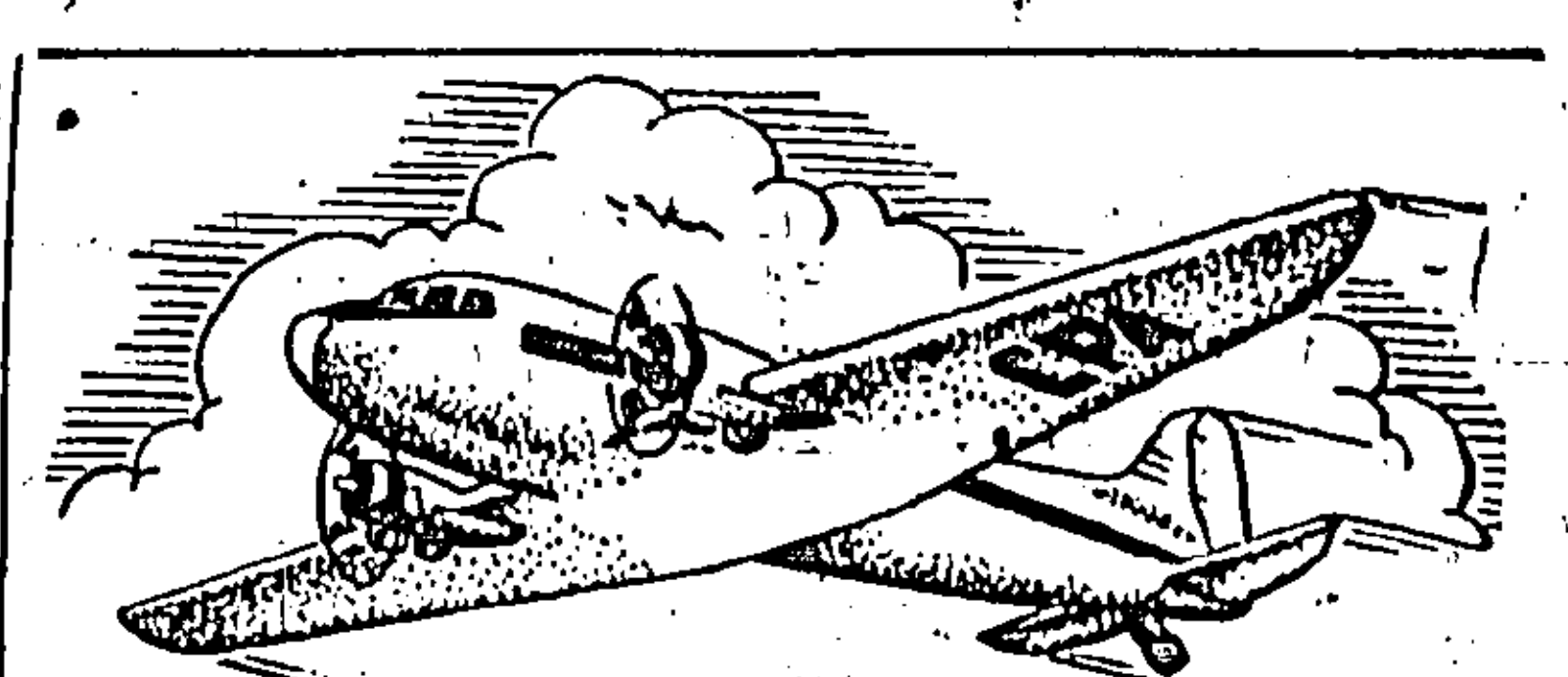
Oscar Loves It. "Twenty-five minutes immersed in Alaskan waters would kill the toughest man. My Oscar

loves it. Also he will probably establish a new climbing record. After all, he'll have four more limbs than a man," he pointed out.

The incentive for Oscar, and proof that he reaches the base of Mt. Miller, will be his favourite dish, sea edelweiss.

"Sea edelweiss grows at great depths and is only obtained by subterranean tremors that uproot the succulent kelp and throw it to the surface. These fishermen gather it and send it to octopus breeders," said Haglund. Oscar is at climbing weight, achieved by a two-week starvation diet.

When the expedition glides over the peak of Mt. Miller Oscar will be dropped overboard leashed by a two-mile wire.—United Press.



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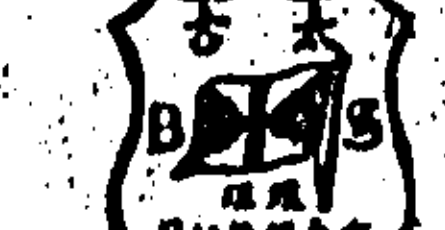
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"FATSHAN"	Sail: 3 a.m. 26th May.
"FATSHAN"	Arrives: 4 p.m. 28th May.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE**Arrivals from**

"GLENAFFRIC"	United Kingdom via Straits
"GLENAFFRIC"	do do
"GLENAFFRIC"	U.K. via Rotterdam
"GLENAFFRIC"	U.K. via Straits
"GLENAFFRIC"	do do

Sailings to

"STENTOR"	Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool, Glasgow via Port Said.
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NEW YORK SERVICE**Arrivals from**

"STENTOR"	U.S.A. via Manila & Shanghai
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Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arrivals from

"YOCLOW"	Australia
"YOCLOW"	Australia via Kobe

Sailings to

"SHANSE"	Sydney and Melbourne
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* Accepts Cargo to N. Z. ports on through D/L.

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.

For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.

DE LA RAMA LINESEXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS**ARRIVALS**

From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast (In Port)	24th June	mv. "DONA ANICETA"
Los Angeles (Early July)	24th June	mv. "DONA AURORA"
Shanghai	28th May	mv. "MANGALORE"
New Orleans	10th June	mv. "DONA TRINIDAD"

SAILINGS

For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	28th May	mv. "DONA ANICETA"
Los Angeles	11th June	mv. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	31st May	mv. "MANGALORE"

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO. INC.

Pedder Building Chinese Shipping Office
Tel.: 22676; 22675. Tel.: 23738/20153**BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.****ARRIVALS**

SHIP	FROM	DUE
S.S. "SAMAFRIC"	U.K.	25th May
S.S. "SAMDAUNTLESS"	U.K.	10th June

SAILINGS

SHIP	LOADS FOR	READY
S.S. "SAMAFRIC"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, via Kure.	20th May
S.S. "SAMDAUNTLESS"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, & Leith.	Mid June

For Further Particulars, Apply To—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

York Building. Telephone: 84165.

**MAERSK LINE**

A. P. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.

Moller Steamship Company Inc. New York
General Agents.MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, ATLANTIC PORTS,
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

M.S. "TREN MAERSK"	June 5
M.S. "SALLY MAERSK"	June 24
M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	July 20
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK"	Aug. 22

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM N.Y. & OTHER U.S. PORTS

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	July 3
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For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to—

Pedder Building JERSEN & CO. Agents

Tel. No. 22602

HUGE LUXURY PURCHASE IN COLONY FOR JAPAN**Souvenirs For The Allied Troops**

(By Margaret Bradbury)

Over \$500,000-worth of souvenir and luxury goods which were bought in Hong Kong this week by J. W. Ryssin, U.S. War Department official, will shortly be on their way to Japan for sale to the American and British occupation forces there.

Mr. Ryssin, whose job is to purchase from firms in China the type of goods needed by the 200 Post-Exchange (American equivalent to NAAF) stores in various parts of Japan, pays periodic visits to the Colony, Shanghai and other parts of China. This is his fifth trip to Hong Kong.

Among the goods which he has ordered for immediate despatch to Japan are items in silver, ivory, linen and lingerie, embroidery, manderin-style garments and blackwood and teakwood furniture. In an interview yesterday Mr. Ryssin said:

MARINE COURT

A fine of \$250 was imposed in the Marine Court yesterday on Kwok Pak, master of a motor junk from Canton, for being without a certificated coxswain and a certificated engineer.

Kwok pleaded that both the coxswain and the engineer stayed behind in Canton to undergo an examination for certificates of competency in Chinese waters, and he had to take the junk down to Hong Kong himself. The charge against the master of the "Kwan Lai", a vessel on the Hong Kong-Kowloon run, of carrying 96 excess passengers, was remanded to this morning. Magistrate Neil Garland pointed out that the "Kwan Lai" was a ship of over 60 tons and not a launch, and the charge had to be amended.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

Peninsula Hotel arrivals (Thursday):
R. H. L. Song, Miss Piller Gonzalez, George Batchelder, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Woe, Mr. Shamash and M. Garrett.

Peninsula Hotel departures (Thursday):
R. H. L. Song, Miss Piller Gonzalez, George Batchelder, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Woe, Mr. Shamash and M. Garrett.

Departures to Manila—Count F. D'Harcourt, Mr. Joe Goffe, Mr. Cavender, Mr. F. V. Jones, Mr. G. H. B. Jones, Mr. R. V. Jones, Mr. C. H. Jones, Mr. R. H. Jones, Mr. W. F. Jones, Mr. R. G. Jones, Mr. R. B. Jones, Mr. C. G. Jones.

Departures to Japan—Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin, Mr. Ryssin.

The British team dealing with reparations from Japan will arrive at 3 p.m. today at Kai Tak, and will leave for Japan on Wednesday, May 28.

Mr. Ryssin, who will leave Hong Kong today for Swatow, where he intends to purchase more linen goods, will return in five days time and spend another two weeks in Hong Kong checking further orders and placing transit arrangements.

"In Japan," said Mr. Ryssin yesterday, "the people are faced with a serious food shortage, and fish and rice are especially scarce. The military authorities, of course, are not affected by this and in the main their living conditions are extremely good."

"They are still living in large buildings that were taken over from the Japanese. These have been rehabilitated and completely furnished, and are staffed by Japanese. There are many pleasant clubrooms available for the Forces where there is musical entertainment."

Describing a few of the large Post-Exchange shops in Japan Mr. Ryssin said they were as large as the Peninsula Hotel in Kowloon at Yokohama, Tokyo, Kobe and Kyoto—the only city in Japan that was not bombed.

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MESS CAN CLARINET

London, May 22.

A clarinet made from an American mangle can and a clarinet made from a Japanese mangle can were presented to Lady Mountbatten by the Returned British Prisoners of War Association of which she is President.

Accepting the presents, Lady Mountbatten asked the Association to keep them for her until her return from India, adding that she was very happy to meet some of the bravest men in the country with whom she had served in the Far East.

Johnston Case

(Continued from Page 5)

estis by a person who described himself as "Pat Kelly."

Johnston was then informed that the case for the prosecution had closed and asked if he had any witnesses to call. Johnston said that he had a number of witnesses whom he wished to call.

At the request of Mr. Justice Williams, Johnston named the witnesses he wished to call in order that the Crown might make arrangements to contact them and ascertain whether or not they would be prepared to attend and give evidence.

Johnston

After giving the names and addresses of the witnesses whom he wished to call, Johnston made the following statement from the dock:

"Mr. McArdle of the Special Branch has received a communication from me with reference to my property in Shanghai. Mr. McArdle has been good enough to take up the matter with the Consular Authorities in Shanghai. The answer, which was read to me this morning with the kindness of the Crown Prosecutor, states that my personal effects, clothes and papers are definitely being held by the Manager of the Hotel in Shanghai. Mr. Johnston refuses to turn over my property until the rent, now amounting to C\$2,000,000, is paid. The hotel register shows that I paid from Apr. 22, 1946 until Apr. 26, 1946, in advance—\$1,000. When arrested on Apr. 23, 1946, the hotel room was, I understand, sealed. The room is still sealed and I was informed that it will not be opened until the money is paid in full. I have innumerable papers in my property which are of great help in my defence. Papers that will prove beyond any doubt certain points which have been brought up in this matter. I must have them. Am I to be responsible for the daily mounting of the rent? That is all I have to say."

Mr. Lonsdale then read out extracts from a letter received from the British Consular authorities in Shanghai.

After some discussion as to the length of the adjournment in view of Johnston's request for witnesses and the possibility of members of the jury leaving the Colony, Mr. Justice Williams adjourned hearing until Saturday, May 31, at 9.30 a.m.

Money Market

Gold fluctuated yesterday between \$201.75 and \$203 per tael, the former being the opening rate, and it closed at \$202.

Piastres, after a further drop to \$12.25 a 100 in the morning, recovered and the highest point touched was \$12.02. It closed at \$12.51.

Chinese National Currency opened at 14 1/2 cents for futures and 18 cents for spot (for C\$1,000) and closed at 13 1/2 cents and 17 1/2 cents respectively.

U.S. dollars were up to \$4.70 and were in great demand. Sterling was quoted at \$14.32, and Australian pounds were unchanged at \$12.52.

ASSAULTED PIG WASH HAWKER

A sanitary cooler, Man Shoung, 33, was sentenced to one month's hard labour by Mr. Sainsbury at Central yesterday for attempting to obtain a bribe of 10 cents from a pig wash hawker, Cheung Lau-kam, 60, woman, in Wing Lok Street, West, on May 4.

Man was additionally fined \$40 or 10 days for assaulting and occupying her grievous bodily harm. On the charge of demanding 10 cents with menaces, Man was found not guilty and acquitted.

San Francisco, May 12. The British steamer "Admiral" sailed yesterday for Manila, the "Jade" for Korea—Associated Press.

Shipping List

In Port

BRITISH (AGENTS) MOORINGS

Chungking (H. & S.) B.S. 10

Wuchang (H. & S.) B.S. 10

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